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MR. HUGHES WILL ATTEND AT PARIS

Prime Minister of Australia Will Go to Entente Economic Conference

ONLY REPRESENTATIVE OF AN OVERSEAS DOMINION

Bonar Law Will Speak for Canada and Other Overseas Parts

Ottawa, April 12.—Canada will not be directly represented at the economic conference of the allies which is to open at Paris a week from to-morrow. Rt. Hon. Andrew Bonar Law, secretary for the colonies, will be there and will represent all the overseas dominions and colonies except Australia, the prime minister of which, Mr. Hughes, who happens to be in England, has been invited to attend.

There has been cable correspondence on the subject and as a result it is not considered necessary to send anyone from Canada to the conference.

Mr. Hughes has been in England for some weeks, having come from Australia by way of Honolulu and Victoria. Through the several speeches he delivered after his arrival, the British press learned with pleasure that the overseas statesman who has a very direct way of putting his thoughts into words that rivets the attention on whatever he wishes to say. His speeches throughout rang with a clear note of loyalty to the British empire, his great ambition obviously being to do all in his power to advance the interests of the great family of free nations.

Only One From Overseas.

Some few days ago Mr. Asquith stated that he was greatly regretted that Mr. Hughes would be leaving England before the Entente economic conference at Paris and thus would be unable to attend. Immediately Mr. Hughes stated to the press that he had no intention of leaving England before the conference. An interesting situation developed, the press expressing the opinion that Mr. Asquith later would see to it that Mr. Hughes was invited to go to Paris. This has been done, and Mr. Hughes will be the only representative of an overseas dominion at the great gathering. Also he will be the first statesman of an overseas dominion of the British empire to attend any of the war councils of the allies.

REIGN OF TERROR NOW IN GERMANY

Underplan Military Tribunals Are Charging Many With Impossible Crimes

London, April 12.—The Daily Telegraph to-day prints the following from its correspondent at Milan:

"According to news from Germany by way of Switzerland, a reign of terror has been inaugurated in Germany by the military tribunals. Persons are accused of impossible crimes, such as furnishing supplies to Russia and Japan, merely to keep them in a state of fear. Laborers have been court-martialed for distributing Socialist sheets appealing for the initiation of a campaign of peace."

LANDING ON GREEK ISLAND IS NECESSARY

Athens, April 12.—It is said at the British and French legations here that the establishment by the allies of a base at Argostoli, on the Greek island of Cephalonia, is a purely defensive measure on the part of the allies, and is in no way a move of occupation.

Greece is protesting against the allies' action.

STATES WILL CLEAR ARMED FRENCH SHIPS

Washington, April 12.—France has assured the United States that the guns aboard the liners Vulcan and Lona, now at New York, will not be used for offensive purposes, and Collector Malone to-day was instructed to clear the ships.

CHEH-KIANG INDEPENDENT.

San Francisco, April 12.—Wu Ting wong, military governor of the Chinese province of Cheh-Kiang, has been imprisoned by revolutionists, and Chu Chang Chung, civil governor, has fled. Shanghai advises to the Chinese Republic Association here, stated to-day. The independence of the Cheh-Kiang province was declared yesterday.

DREDGING FIGURES ARE BROUGHT OUT

Wooley on Stand Before Public Accounts Committee at Ottawa To-day

"WHAT IS ALL THIS POW-WOW ABOUT?" HE ASKS

"For Benefit of the People of Canada," Carvell Replies

Ottawa, April 12.—A. W. Wooley, who secured from C. E. McDonald, the sub-contractor on the dredging at Victoria, B. C., a contract at \$4 per foot for rock drilling and blasting, was the first witness before the public accounts committee this morning.

At the outset F. B. Carvell, Liberal, Carleton, N. B., complained that the plans had been taken away from the committee. He had intended that they should be checked over.

R. A. Pringle stated that he and MacLachlan were doing that.

Mr. Carvell did not consider that they should have been taken from the committee. It was for the public works department to check them over.

Mr. Wooley declared there had been absolutely no collusion between himself and the engineers to boost their classification. There always was an element of uncertainty in drill tests, even at 25 feet apart. No ordinary dredge could have removed the material entered as rock without blasting. It would have taken a dredge of extraordinary power. Witness declared that the amount of rock in the estimates was actually less in amount than he had been entitled to.

"I am positively convinced of that," he said.

Action Suggested.

"I think," said Mr. Carvell, "that this evidence will more fittingly come up in an action between the government and the contractors."

Mr. Pringle declared that the inquiry had been instituted as a consequence of Mr. Mallory's statements. As a result, the work had been held up and payments suspended and Mr. MacLachlan had lost his job. It was right that every piece of counter-evidence should be heard.

"It was the auditor-general who instituted the inquiry," said Mr. Carvell.

His Own Calculation.

Witness stated that the boring estimates of Assistant Engineer Davey, based on the work done by the dredge, were "supposed to be a wonderful performance." He had calculated that the dredge, according to Wooley's return, had drilled at the rate of 74 feet per hour.

"My own calculations," said Mr. Wooley, "are 22 feet."

"Mr. Davey could have taken things into account, which he did not," added the witness.

"Don't you think it had taste to attack the government engineer?" asked Mr. Carvell.

"He alleged," said Wooley, "I have a perfect right."

"I can answer all these things satisfactorily," interjected Mr. Davey from the back.

"There are a lot of things to be answered," remarked George W. Kite, Liberal, Richmond, N. S.

Earth or Rock.

Cross-examined by Mr. Carvell, witness admitted that the question resolved itself into whether a certain portion should be entered as earth or rock. Witness stated that he was a member of the firm of McPhoe, Henry & McDonald, which had a million-dollar contract at Vancouver.

In the case of that contract, Mr. Carvell said that the estimated amount of rock was 108,000 cubic yards, but that there had been actually returned for payment 208,000 yards, or almost double the amount.

Coming Up Later.

"This was not merely an increase in quantity," said Mr. Carvell. "It was an increase in classification. I have no hesitation in saying that the Vancouver contract will come up before the committee later on."

Witness stated that he had had 54 men employed on the Victoria contract, but when questioned by Mr. Carvell he declared that he was unable to produce the books showing the payments to his staff.

Mr. Carvell insisted that they be brought.

"What did you pay your men per day?" he asked.

"I can't say."

"We only want it approximately," said Mr. Carvell. "Try now."

"I can't say."

Asked Ruling.

"I think it is time we had a ruling Mr. Chairman; there is no use fooling with a man like this," said Mr. Carvell.

Mr. Pringle objected, saying it was not pertinent to the question of classification.

Mr. Carvell retorted that Mr. Pringle thought he was in the exchequer court.

(Concluded on page 12.)

GERMANY DENOUNCED BY SOME AT ATHENS; ARRESTS FOLLOWED

Paris, April 12.—During a celebration of the anniversary of Greek independence at Athens yesterday, according to a Havas dispatch quoting the Athens Esprit, the police arrested several persons for crying: "Down with the government; long live Venizelos. Down with Austria; down with Germany."

KNOW NOT MEANING OF WORD HUMANITY

No Use of Germans Talking About Blockade, Says Lord Robert Cecil

BRITAIN NOT BREAKING INTERNATIONAL LAW

London, April 12.—Lord Robert Cecil, war trade minister, commenting last night on a point made in the Berlin dispatch on the blockade of Germany (which appears elsewhere in this issue of the Times), said:

"There is no intention on the part of the British government on April 13 or any other date to take measures against German trade in violation of international law or the principles of justice and humanity. Economic pressure is a well-recognized means of warfare, and it was only their inability to exert such pressure that prevented the Germans carrying out their avowed purpose of cutting off all supplies from this country."

Lord Robert expressed surprise that the Germans should have alluded to the principle of justice and humanity in view of what he called the ruthless way in which they had sacrificed the lives of innocent non-combatants and many neutrals in their endeavors to blockade the British Isles with submarines.

"If you wish to have an object lesson of 'German' humanity," said he, "I would refer you to the reports on the Wittgenberg camp. A nation which is capable of the atrocities described in that document has no knowledge of what the word 'humanity' means, and no claims on appeal to it when the measures of the enemy cannot be countered by armed strength."

ANOTHER DU PONT PLANT DESTROYED; THREE LOST LIVES

Bluefield, W. Va., April 12.—Three persons were killed, a workman and two children, when the plant of the du Pont Powder Company at Nemours, Mercer county, eight miles from here, was blown to pieces by four explosions early to-day. Houses in the little village were wrecked.

The dead children were buried in the ruins of their home near the powder mill.

The principal damage was done by the first explosion, which is said to have destroyed completely the building in which it occurred. The plant has been working on war orders.

THE TAX ON MATCHES IN THE MOTHERLAND

London, April 12.—The difficulties in connection with the imposition of the match tax have been overcome and the manufacturers have withdrawn their opposition to the measure. They have assured Rt. Hon. Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer, that they will assist him in raising the revenue.

Under the new taxation plan proposed, matches are taxed at per thousand, which is estimated to produce revenue of about £2,000,000.

ANOTHER NOTE ON ARRESTS BY BRITISH

Washington, April 12.—Secretary Lansing announced late to-day that Great Britain's note on the seizure of 38 Austrians, Germans and Turks from the American steamship China, near Shanghai does not close the case to the satisfaction of the United States.

ITALIANS FOR FRENCH MUNITIONS FACTORIES

Rome, April 12.—The Corriere della Sera states that in compliance with the agreement concluded between the governments of France and Italy, the emigration committee has issued the first passports to Italian workmen bound for France to help in the production of munitions and other works of a military character. The first company of bricklayers, laborers and carters was drawn from Piedmont and transported to a locality where large powder works are to be erected.

DRIVEN FORWARD UNDER OWN GUNS

What Some of German Prisoners Taken by Canadians Told Captors

FIGHTING FOR CRATERS PROBABLY WILL CONTINUE

Twenty-Five M. P.'s and Forty-One M. P.'s Now on Active Service

London, April 12.—The fighting for mine craters in which the Canadian troops have borne a considerable share during the last week, probably will continue for some time longer, although there is not much doubt now that the British and Canadians have got the upper hand.

It is learned that the Canadians have taken about 85 prisoners during the recent operations, mostly youths from very mixed corps. Some of them told the Canadians that they had been forced into the fight by being awed by their own machine guns.

The Canadians are flanked on both sides by two of the strongest British divisions.

25th in Action.

Port Arthur, Ont., April 12.—An officer of the 25th Battalion cables home that he is well, the wording of the message suggesting that his battalion lately has been in a more than usually severe action.

25 M.P.'s; 41 M.P.P.'s.

Ottawa, April 12.—A return brought down in the House shows that there are no fewer than 25 members of parliament and 41 members of provincial legislatures now on active service.

Four of the M.P.'s and 17 of the M.P.P.'s have gone overseas. Besides Major-General Sir Sam Hughes and Hon. N. S. Beland, who is still a prisoner in Germany, the federal members in khaki include three colonels, twelve lieutenant-colonels, four majors, three captains and one honorary lieutenant-colonel. Those given as on active overseas are: Lieut.-Col. B. H. Baker, Lieut.-Col. H. F. McLeod, Lieut.-Col. J. J. Carrick and Capt. D. B. Neely. Lieut.-Col. Carrick has been back in this country since last fall. All the federal members in khaki are given as drawing active service pay except Hon. Lieut.-Col. W. F. Cockburn and Major Donald Stewart, Lunenburg, N. S., who is attached to the local medical unit, but is spending all his time in parliament.

There are fourteen M.P.P.'s of Ontario in khaki, including seven lieutenant-colonels, one major, one honorary major, three captains and two lieutenants. Four of them have gone overseas.

This Province.

British Columbia has four members of its legislature in uniform, of whom three have gone overseas. Saskatchewan has four in khaki, but none overseas as yet. Nova Scotia has four captains, with one gone overseas. Prince Edward Island has three officers, with two overseas. Alberta has seven officers, with four gone overseas, while Manitoba has three, one having gone overseas.

Absurd to Sink

S.S. SANTANDERINO

Spanish Premier is Awaiting Word From Ambassador at Berlin

Madrid, April 12.—"We are confronted with such an incomprehensibly absurd act that I am loath to believe it until a thorough inquiry has been made," said Count Romanones, the Spanish premier, last night with regard to the torpedoing of the Spanish steamship Santanderino in the Bay of Biscay, as a consequence of which four lives were lost.

"I am waiting for full information before taking action," the premier added. "I may say, however, that preliminary instructions already have been telegraphed to our ambassador in Berlin."

British Yacht Sunk.

London, April 12.—Lloyd's announces that the Senator, a new British steamship of 2,497 tons gross, has been sunk. It is believed all hands have been saved. The Senator was owned in Whitley.

The torpedoing of the British steamship Senator, of 2,497 tons, by a German submarine, is announced. The crew landed safely.

DESPERATE EFFORTS EAST OF THE MEUSE

Germans Have Been Trying to Recover Ground Won by French

DASHED FORWARD INTO CURTAIN OF FIRE

After Gas Cloud Had Dissipated French Threw Enemy From Trenches

Paris, April 12.—While bringing up reinforcements to resume their attack on Le Mort Homme, the hill of the dead man, the Germans are trying to recover ground regained by the French in the Callette Wood and to the north, between Douaumont and Vaux.

The French positions there describe an arc from a point south of the fort of Douaumont to the centre of the village of Vaux, and the front is a little less than two miles in length.

For three days the only actions on the east bank of the Meuse have centered there, with the habitual preparation by heavy concentrated artillery fire, with a finishing touch in the form of a couple of hours of heavy shelling with suffocating and tear-provoking gas projectiles.

After a bombardment with high explosives lasting eight hours and the use of gas for another hour or two, the Germans would attack simultaneously on two flanks. There was no visible diminution in their courage and ardor; neither did the French show the slightest fatigue, and the consequence is that the unprecedented carnage of the battle of Verdun goes on.

Into Curtain of Fire.

Yesterday the whole front, beaten by gas projectiles, was overhung by a yellowish cloud of chlorine vapor which seemed to be suspended from the sky. When the cloud lifted, the Germans bounded forward, seemingly indifferent to the thick death-dealing curtain of fire from the French artillery. Some of them got through it, but only to find that the French had abandoned the first line trenches to allow the gas cloud to dissipate.

German reinforcements were sent up to fortify the trenches, but before they reached the line the French came back with an irresistible counter-attack and in a few minutes drove out the Germans from the few points where they had penetrated the trenches.

ACTION CARRIED OUT AS PLANNED

First Press Dispatch Received Following British Successes in Mesopotamia

London, April 12.—The following is the first press dispatch from the scene of operations at Umm-el-Henna and Felahie, in Mesopotamia, received since the British successes there:

On Bank of Tigris.

Umm-el-Henna, Mesopotamia, April 5.—This position fell into the hands of the British this morning. It is on the left bank of the Tigris.

The preparations for the attack were most thorough. Nothing was left to chance. Since January 21 the British had been sapping up to the Turkish position. After completing 15 miles of complicated sap work, the British firing line was within 100 yards of the Turks.

This morning, when we delivered our assault, our first line, with bombing parties, was seen creeping over the parapets. A few seconds later the cheers of the men heard above the rifle and machine gun fire told that they were in the Turkish trenches.

The lines of wire entanglements had been broken down by the bombardment of previous days, and we took the first line trenches by a quick rush, just as it was getting light.

Pushed On.

Immediately we were there our guns opened fire on the third line and we advanced under a screen of artillery fire, which lifted from trench to trench as the attack swept down the Turkish lines to the last trench of the position, a full mile in the rear.

We met no serious resistance until we had captured the Umm-el-Henna position and advanced to the Felahie position from a point two miles and a half behind the Turkish front.

The Felahie position is two miles in depth. Here the brigade leading the attack came in for heavy rifle and machine gun fire in its advance over an uncompromising flat country.

We assaulted and carried the Turkish advance trenches on the right bank

ARTILLERY ACTIONS ALONG GREEK BORDER WON BY THE FRENCH

Paris, April 12.—Resumption of violent cannonading along the Greek frontier near Olyve and Dolran is reported in a dispatch from Salonica to the Journal. It is said the French artillery had the advantage.

It also is reported that the German allies captured the fortified position at Devetep, but this has not been confirmed.

BOTH SHIPS WERE SUNK BY TORPEDOES

Report of Dutch Shipping Council Regarding Palembang and Tubantia

PROVES DENIAL BY BERLIN FALSEHOOD

Amsterdam, April 12.—The Dutch shipping council which was entrusted by the government with the official investigation into the sinking of the Dutch steamships Palembang and Tubantia, has issued the report of its findings.

With regard to the Palembang, the report says:

"Three explosions took place. The first was caused by the explosion at some distance of a drifting mine, which was fired upon by a British torpedo boat destroyer. After the explosion the Palembang remained undamaged."

Two Torpedoes.

"The second explosion was caused by a torpedo, fired at short range, which hit the Palembang. This is established beyond doubt by the unanimous statements of witnesses who saw the track of the torpedo. It could not have been fired by the British torpedo boat destroyer because the torpedo passed some metres in front of the latter vessel. It is possible that the torpedo was meant for the destroyer, but, missing it, hit the Palembang."

The third explosion also was a torpedo. The first mate of the steamship clearly saw its track about six lengths away on the starboard side. This torpedo was aimed at the Palembang, because the British torpedo boat destroyer was then a great distance away.

Was at Rest.

"The definite statements of the crew are confirmed by the facts that no other drifting mines were observed, and the Palembang at the time of the second and third explosions was motionless and there was therefore no possibility of a collision with an anchored mine. Even supposing that the Palembang was carried along by the current, it must be observed that the current was nearly due south, so that a mine would have to hit the ship on the port side, whereas the explosions took place on the starboard side."

Streak Seen.

With regard to the Tubantia the report says:

"The ship was preparing to east anchor at 2.30 a.m. when she was hit and a severe explosion took place in the coal bunkers on the starboard side. The explosion caused a hole extending from the bottom to the shelter deck. Witnesses observed a streak on the water approaching the Tubantia at great speed directed at the point where the explosion occurred."

"From investigations made by experts it is clearly shown that the pieces of metal in the Tubantia's boats came from a Schwartzkopf torpedo. Statements of witnesses and of experts prove that the explosion was caused by a torpedo fired from some distance by a submarine or a torpedo boat without warning. In view of the fact that no other vessel was in the vicinity, it is evident that the torpedo was meant for the Tubantia."

"That no lives were lost was due merely to the fact that no passengers had cabins near the spot where the ship was hit."

of the river. This advance makes our progress correspond on both banks.

Turks Cleared Out.

The trenches at Felahie were rushed after dark, and the Turks cleared at the point of the bayonet. We took a machine gun and a number of prisoners.

Our casualties were not heavy considering the stubbornness of the enemy's resistance and the nature of the ground.

German-Turk Claim.

Berlin, April 12.—A British force in Mesopotamia, composed of troops transferred from the Dardanelles, was repulsed by Turkish troops in a sanguinary battle lasting six hours near Felahie on April 9, according to a Turkish headquarters report dated April 11. The statement adds that more than 3,000 British dead were counted after the battle.

FLAMING LIQUIDS WERE OF NO AVAIL

Germans Tried to Take Caurette Wood, West of Meuse; Failed

ARTILLERY ACTIVE EAST OF THE MEUSE

Confirmed That the German Forces Suffered Heavy Losses There Yesterday

Paris, April 12.—The German assault on the Verdun front west of the Meuse was renewed this morning. Troops advanced on the Caurette Wood, south of Cumieres, the war office announced this afternoon, using flame projectors, but were repulsed.

East of the Meuse, in the Douaumont-Vaux sector, there was only artillery fighting.

The war office says it has been confirmed that the German losses yesterday were very heavy.

The text of the statement follows:

Completely Repulsed.

"On the left bank of the Meuse the Germans this morning delivered an attack on our positions at the Caurette Wood, between Le Mort Homme and Cumieres, in which they made use of flaming liquids. They were repulsed at all points."

"On the right bank of the river there was artillery activity between Douaumont and Vaux, but last night saw no resumption of the infantry fighting at this point."

"It has been confirmed that the violent offensive action yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in this sector which was repulsed by us, cost the enemy heavy losses."

"The night passed relatively quietly on the remainder of the front."

German Statement.

Berlin, April 12.—German troops in the operations against Verdun yesterday gained some ground in Callette Wood, southeast of Fort Douaumont, according to statements issued to-day by army headquarters.

The text of the statement follows: "Western theatre.—A night sortie by a small German detachment against an British position near La Bolelle, northeast of Albert, resulted in 29 prisoners and one machine gun being brought in. There was no loss to us."

West of the Meuse the French vainly attacked our lines northeast of Avocourt. In other directions they limited their efforts to a very lively artillery fire."

East of Meuse.

"On the eastern bank of the Meuse three counter-attacks on the Folvre ridge, prepared for by a heavy lively fire, caused the enemy severe losses without advantage. On two occasions the storming troops were unable to penetrate the region covered by our curtain of fire. The third assault broke down completely before our entanglements as the result of machine gun fire."

"In Callette Wood, in spite of the stubborn defence, we gained some ground at one or two places."

"In the aerial engagements, a French aeroplane was shot down near Ornes, in the Woivre, the pilot being killed."

Russian Front.

"Eastern theatre.—Near Garbunovka, northwest of Dwinsk, Russian anti-aircrafts by several companies were repulsed."

REMOVED BECAUSE THEY WERE PLOTTING

British Had Good Cause for Taking Germans From S. S. China

Washington, April 12.—Great Britain's reply refusing to release the Germans, Austrians and Turks taken off the steamship China, was made public to-day by Secretary of State Lansing.

According to the reply, the Germans were involved in plots against India hatched in Shanghai. Arrests made in Shanghai frightened others involved in the scheme and they embarked on the China for Manila, the British government states, where they intended to continue their plots.

It is believed that another note will be sent by this government to the British foreign office asking positive proof that the Germans were concerned in plots. Should this not be obtained it is believed that the demand for their release will be renewed.

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KING'S QUALITY FLOUR , sack \$1.65	ANTI-COMBINE LAUNDRY SOAP , 7 full-weight bars, 25c
PURITY BREAKFAST FOOD , 5 lb. sack 25c	SUPERFINE TOILET SOAP , 9 cakes for 25c
CREAM OF WHEAT Per pkt. 20c	OLD DUTCH CLEANSER OR LUX 3 for 25c
RED LABEL COFFEE 1-lb. tin 25c	SAPOLIO per cake 10c
ANTI-COMBINE COFFEE , very fine. 1-lb. tin 35c	CANADIAN CORN STARCH , 3 pkts. for 25c
RED RASPBERRIES , Quaker brand. Per can 10c	PURE FRUIT LIME JUICE , bottle 25c
OKANAGAN SLICED PEACHES 2 cans for 25c	SELECTED PIONIC HAM , per lb. 16c

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WAR EXPENDITURE; STRENGTH OF FORCES

275,000 Canadians With Colors on March 18; Details of Outlay

Ottawa, April 12.—A statement of Canada's war expenditure, with the establishment, strength, organization and distribution of the expeditionary force, has been printed for presentation to parliament. It is a formidable memorandum of 100 pages.

Up to March 18, according to the memorandum, 265,000 officers and men had been reckoned as having joined the expeditionary force, besides 13,000 on garrison duty in Canada, bringing the total up to 278,000. As the authorized total now is 500,000, there remains a balance of 222,000 to be raised.

The forces are divided as follows: Overseas, elsewhere than in England, 62,000. Overseas, in or on passage to England, 44,000. In Canada, 131,000. Total effective, 240,000. Non-effective (casualties, etc.), 22,000.

Total expeditionary force, 262,000. Troops on garrison duty, etc., in Canada, 13,000. Grand total, 275,000. Required to complete total authorized, 225,000.

Four Divisions.

The expeditionary force consists of, or presently will consist of, an army

of three divisions; a fourth division (not yet formed); a brigade of cavalry; line of communication units; units allotted to overseas garrisons; and troops in England and Canada and elsewhere than in France. Three Canadian general hospitals and three Canadian general hospitals are serving in the British Mediterranean expeditionary force, and the 28th Canadian battalion (Ottawa) is at Bermuda, and a company of the Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery is at St. Lucia, British West Indies.

Details of Expenditure.

Canada's war outlay to the end of the last calendar year totalled \$152,000,000, of which \$99,819,435.40 was spent within nine months of the present fiscal year. The principal items of expenditure were \$51,573,230 for pay and allowances, \$7,303,699 for ocean and \$3,289,558 for land transport; \$9,148,607 for separation allowances, \$9,111,707 for clothing, \$4,361,809 for boots, \$4,309,060 for accounts, \$3,428,458 to the Ross Rifle Company, \$2,000,263 to the Dominion Cartridge Company, and \$2,850,693 for motor conveyances.

25,000 Contracts.

Details of the 25,000 contracts covered by these expenditures are not given in the memorandum, but it appears from copies of orders in quantity that special steps were taken a year ago to equip the Canadian forces for a lengthening war.

On February 3, last year, an order for 20,000 rifles and bayonets was placed with the Ross Rifle Company at \$25 for the rifles and \$5.25 for the bayonets. A further order for 60,000 was placed on February 20, deliveries to be made at the rate of 10,000 monthly. All these rifles were to be of the mark 3 pattern, the prices in the second order being the same as in the first.

A memorandum from the chief of the general staff, General Gwatkin, estimated the needs in a year's time, with 150,000 men enlisted, at 140,000 rifles and 175,000,000 rounds of ammunition. Assuming that the war would last longer, he advised the ordering for delivery during the year of 120,000 rifles and 200,000,000 rounds of ammunition. On May 14, last year, authority was given for the purchase of another 60,000 rifles of the same pattern and at the same price, on the recommendation of the same officer.

GERMANS COULD NOT ASSUME OFFENSIVE

Failed Near Ikskull Bridgehead; Russians Advancing Southwest of Erzerum

Petrograd, April 12.—The following official statement was issued last night: "On the Dvina front there have been artillery duels. In the region of the Ikskull bridgehead the Germans tried unsuccessfully to assume the offensive. In the region of Dwinsk and southward, in the lake region, the enemy artillery in many sections manifested great activity. "On the rest of the front there is nothing to report. "Caucasus—Southwest of Erzerum our troops continue to occupy ground. Object Obtained.

The fighting north and south of Dwinsk is being waged fiercely, but still without decisive advantage to either side. Military opinion here is inclined to view the situation with the greatest complacency, since the main object of the Russian surprise attack on Field Marshal von Hindenburg's Dwinsk positions—to create a diversion while the German attack on Verdun was in progress—is regarded as having been fulfilled.

The necessity of defending their Dwinsk positions is said to have upset the calculations of the German general staff, who had counted on a period of quiet along the Russian front to enable them to transfer troops to engage in the campaign against the French. The unexpected pressure by the Russians, which made considerable headway against the German armies at Jacobstadt, Postawy and Lake Narotch, according to the opinion prevailing here, not only forced von Hindenburg to use all his available forces, including the reserves, on this front, but necessitated the bringing up of fresh troops destined for Verdun, to prevent the possibility of being compelled to abandon the whole Dwinsk line.

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Died of wounds—Pte. Ernest Simpson. Died—Sgt. Bugler H. J. West.

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Died—Pte. E. Powell. Wounded—Pte. T. Teskey.

FISH ANSWERED TO THE NAME OF MAGGIE

London Paper's Reference to Canadian "Fishmonger General" Comes Up at Ottawa

Ottawa, April 12.—An amusing incident occurred at the opening of the House yesterday afternoon. E. B. Devlin, Liberal, Quebec, drew attention to an article in the Star, a newspaper of London, Eng., about Major Hugh Green, of Saskatoon, who was styled "fishmonger general," and who was slated as having come over to England to organize the supply of fish for the Canadian troops. There also was a photograph of Major Green holding in his hands a vase with a fish swimming around in it. Mr. Devlin spoke of it as a trained fish called "Maggie." He wanted to know if this was a paid advertisement, and if so why the photograph of a Canadian soldier in uniform was used?

Hon. A. E. Kemp, acting minister of militia, said that he had never heard of a fish called "Maggie" before. He explained that fish being high in price in Great Britain, the militia department had undertaken to supply fresh Canadian fish to the Canadian troops, and the plan seemed to be working out well. Major Green, who had an expert knowledge of the fish business, had been sent over to organize the work on the other side.

Mr. Devlin asked if the minister did not see the vase. Mr. Kemp admitted he did not also saw the fish.

"Well, the name of that fish is Maggie; it is on the vase," said Mr. Devlin. Railway Measure.

At the afternoon session, the bill recently introduced to amend the railway act was debated for two hours. Its chief provision is one giving to the railway board the power to fix the general location of a railway, as well as the right to say whether or not it is in the public interest that it should be constructed. At the present time this power rests with the railway committee and parliament.

While little exception was taken to the general principle of the bill, a number of opposition members expressed the view that parliament and the government were evading their responsibilities.

G. E. McCraney, Liberal, Saskatoon, thought this was because parliament had listened too much to the lobbyists, and the various ministers of railways had failed to have definite policies in regard to charters asked for. Expressions of opinion by opposition members were not persisted in, however, and the bill was put through committee before 6 o'clock and now stands for third reading.

Some slight progress was made with the temperance bill before the House rose for dinner.

A Tory Note.

At the evening sitting, railway estimates were considered. Hon. Wm. Pugsley moved that the committee rise and ask that the estimates be reduced by \$1,000,000. He was ruled out or order by Deputy Speaker Rhodes, and appealed from the ruling. Speaker Selwyn was sent for, and the House sustained the ruling of the Deputy Speaker.

Senate.

In the Senate last night, Senator Cloran gave notice of a resolution asking leave of the imperial parliament to amend the B. N. A. Act so as to provide that when the Senate rejects at two consecutive sessions of parliament legislation having had its origin in the House of Commons, the House of Commons at the ensuing session will have power to adopt or pass such measure without further reference to the Senate. Senator Cloran's resolution was received with applause.

The government measure appropriating \$50,000,000 for immediate use in carrying on the war was given a second reading without discussion.

KING OF CAMBODIA IS LOYAL TO FRANCE

Paris, April 12.—The Saigon Courier publishes the text of the proclamation issued by Sisowath, King of Cambodia, authorizing his subjects to enlist themselves in the service of France for war work of any nature.

"It is with the greatest pride," said the king, "that we permit our subjects to engage themselves in the service of France for the duration of the war, whether it be for fighting or for work in the arsenals and factories. We wish to give prominence to these sentiments in order further to strengthen the bonds of gratitude and affection which unite us to France. Let our subjects, without any distinction of class, enroll themselves in large numbers under the flag of noble and generous-minded France, that we may add a further glorious page to the history of our country. Let this be obeyed and respected by all."

RUSSIANS STUDY JEWISH LIFE IN THEIR EMPIRE

Petrograd, April 12.—On the initiative of Count J. J. Tolstol, the mayor of Petrograd and several other distinguished persons, a society has been founded in Petrograd for the special purpose of studying Jewish life in Russia. The membership of the society comprises all the intellectual members of a Russian society. At the opening meeting Maxm Gorky read the following statement as setting forth the aims of the new organization: "The new society will study the history, the literature, both ancient and modern, the art and customs, as well as the economic and legal position of the Jewish people. Meetings and lectures will be organized by the society with a view to making the great Russian people acquainted with Jewish life. It also will publish books, compilations and periodicals dealing with the Jewish question, and will organize a press

BOVril

The body-building power of Bovril has been proved to be from 10 to 20 times the amount taken

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Victoria Gas Co.

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MOTORS

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Successors to Carter & McKenzie

Have You Tried Our New Wellington Nut Coal

If you are trying to burn wet mill wood, this is the ideal coal to use. Give it a trial.

J. E. PAINTER & SON
Phone 536 617 Cormorant St.

Compensation

A Plain Duty

For years British Columbia has been seeking to attract outside capital for industrial and investment purposes. Under these circumstances it is naturally assumed that the Provincial authorities would not arbitrarily threaten the stability of such investments.

Large sums from the Old Country and other outside points are now invested in industrial enterprises, business premises, mortgage investments, etc., in the Province, the financial security of which is threatened by the proposed prohibition legislation.

Any arbitrary action of the Government whereby there is a heavy loss or serious depreciation in the stability of these investments would certainly have a prejudicial effect upon money interests looking to B. C. as an investment field.

IS IT NOT THE PLAIN DUTY OF THE PROVINCIAL AUTHORITIES TO SAFEGUARD THE INTERESTS OF THE LEGITIMATE INVESTMENTS, NOW BEING THREATENED BY PROHIBITION LEGISLATION, BY EMBODYING THE PRINCIPLE OF COMPENSATION IN THE TERMS OF THE PROPOSED REFERENDUM?

As fair-minded men the electors of British Columbia are asked to consider this question.

HOW GOVT. OF ITALY HANDLES SHIP PROBLEM

Rome, April 12.—A decree published in the Gazzetta Ufficiale orders that no Italian ships in harbor above 1,000 tons may make contracts or receive cargoes for destination beyond the straits, without the consent of the minister of marine. Italian ships in ports abroad must have the consent of the minister of marine for any voyage other than to Italy. Any infringement of these regulations renders the ship subject to requisition without compensation.

F. L. Haynes means watchmaker and jeweler.

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ARE SAID TO HAVE DEFAUDED 15,000

Charged Group Swindled Canadians and Americans on California and Oregon Lands

San Francisco, April 12.—Evidence revealing the operations of a group of alleged swindlers, who are said to have used the mails to defraud approximately 15,000 people in the United States and Canada of at least \$1,000,000 by making fraudulent sales of Southern Pacific land in California and Oregon, is to be placed before the federal grand jury here soon, according to a statement made public here today by Henry H. Childers, of New York, a special agent of the general land office. Childers, who arrived here yesterday, said federal agents have been investigating the swindling ring for several months. The leaders and several members reside here, he said. Their names were not divulged.

Victims of the swindlers are to be found in almost every state. Childers declared. In Montreal more than 1,000 people were defrauded. The swindlers, Childers declared, told their victims they had inside information by which they could guarantee that a quarter section of land could be secured by offering the Southern Pacific \$2.50 per acre. The ring usually collected the purchase price and \$150 for expenses from the victim.

As the land is now subject to litigation between the government and the railroad company, it cannot be sold until the ownership is settled, therefore the claims of the conspirators were false, the government agents charge. The conspirators usually pocketed the \$150 expenses and offered the purchase price to the railroad. The offers always were refused, whereupon affidavits were filed in the Oregon land office and the victims were told that upon settlement of the litigation the land would be theirs.

Childers declared such a scheme of land distribution was impossible.

CHARGES OF GRAFT IN N. B. LEGISLATURE

Acts of Morrissey, Public Works Minister, Centre of Violent Storm.

Fredrickton, N. B., April 12.—During the wildest scene that has been witnessed in the legislature of New Brunswick for many years, supporters of the government last night charged the minister of public works with allowing all kinds of graft to go on in his department, declar-

ing that thousands of dollars' worth of public works had been carried out without any call for tenders; that purchases had been made costing the province many times the amount they should have cost, and that, in general, things were in a very bad state.

Hon. John Morrissey, the minister, replied in a bitter speech, declaring the accusations false and unjustified, and that if at least two of his accusers had their just deserts they would be "under another roof than this."

"Shyster," "grafter," "thief," "scavenger," "scullion" and many other epithets were hurled across the floor of the House. Parliamentary rules were cast to the winds.

Mr. Morrissey declared that he is being hounded because he is a Roman Catholic and a Liberal (in Federal politics the minister has Liberal leanings). He says he will have a square deal or will resign.

CLOSE UNION IS GEN. BOTHA'S IDEAL

Hopes to See Races in South Africa Firmly United

Cape Town, April 12.—Visiting Cradock to inspect the Baroda Irrigation works, Gen. Botha, prime minister of the union of South Africa, was accorded a public reception in the market square, where, after a number of addresses had been read, he touched on the points raised in them. Having referred to the value of education, he said that South Africa had never been through more troublous waters than recently, and he was indeed thankful that the great majority of the Afrikaners had been strong enough in those days to keep order, to obey the laws, to hold high the name and character of the Afrikaner people and to build their nationalism on the foundation laid by the constitution, and he asked that personalities should not be allowed to prevent them becoming a united people.

All His Powers.

As head of the ministry and the South African party he declared he stood with open arms to welcome reunion and would use all his powers in that direction. A divided people must regress and therefore his greatest ideal had never been achieved—the ideal of uniting the hearts of the people. Their sufferings would be strengthened them to help in attaining this ideal. The two great races were there to stay, he continued. By the aid of weapons he had done all that lay in his power to make the Boers and British separate peoples, but it had been ordered otherwise. Therefore, let the people stand together, respecting the traditions of one another.

Scene of Great Contest Northwest of Verdun



Following the evacuation of the Bethincourt salient on Saturday night, the French war office described the location of the new line as follows: "We established a continuous line be-

ginning at the Avocourt corner and running along the first woody slopes to the west of hill 304, then along the southern bank of the Forges brook to the northeast of Haucourt, and reaching our positions a little to the south

of the crossing of the roads of Bethincourt and Bethincourt-Chattancourt." The Germans have been battering at this line since Sunday, but it is very strong and has withstood all the onslaughts.

R. HARDING DAVIS DIED TO-DAY; WAS 52

Did His Last Work as War Correspondent in Present War

Mt. Kisco, N. Y., April 12.—Richard Harding Davis, the novelist, war correspondent, newspaperman and playwright, died here to-day.

Richard Harding Davis was born in Philadelphia in 1864, the son of L. Clarke Davis, editor of the Philadelphia Public Ledger, and Rebecca Harding Davis, the well-known American novel-

ist. In 1890 he married Miss Cecil Clark, of Chicago.

In view of his parentage it was but natural that he should incline towards things literary, hence while he still was young he was found working his way up through the ranks of journalism. Gradually the style with which his thousands of readers became familiar took form and he wielded the pen with such industry that his works eventually formed a large library in themselves.

Not the least of Davis's fame rests on his work as a war correspondent. He represented the New York Times in the Greek-Turkish war, and later during the Spanish-American war. When the South African war broke out he was sent to the front as correspondent for the New York Herald. Even with this extensive experience as a reporter of hostilities he was destined to see still more fighting, for he again was sent to the front when the Russo-Japanese war broke out. Other work as a war correspondent was done by him in the Spanish-Cuban revolution, the Matos revolution in Venezuela and Garcia revolution in Mexico.

Was in France.

It was not to be expected that the world's greatest war would fail to attract Mr. Davis to Europe; consequently shortly after the titanic struggle began he made his way to the front in France. There he saw everything that the French leaders would allow him to see. He visited points in all the sectors of the French front, his wide reputation as a war correspondent gaining him access where less well-known writers failed. As a result of what he saw many articles appeared in papers of the United States. One of his journeys took him to the Verdun region. Thus months before the present great struggle for the fortress began he had written as full a description of the defenses as the consideration of his promise to the French authorities would allow. He dwelt upon the great strength of the position and the enormous cost at which the Germans would make any contemplated attempt to break the French line there.

Returning to the United States after his experiences in France, Mr. Davis not only continued to write for the press, but also lectured at numerous points throughout the republic.

His Works.

Among his works are: Soldiers of Fortune; Gallagher and Other Stories; The Princess Alene; Cuba in War Time; Three Gringos in Venezuela and Central America; The Cuban and Porto Rican Campaigns, 1898; With Both Armies in South Africa, 1900; In the Fog, 1901; Ransom's Folly; Captain Macklin, 1902; Farces, Real Soldiers of Fortune, 1906; The Congo and Coasts of Africa, 1907; The Scarlet Car, 1908; Vera, the Medium, 1909; The White Mice, 1909; Once Upon a Time—The Play "The Taming of Helena, 1909; Ransom's Folly, 1909; The Dictator, 1904; The Galloper, 1905; A Yankee Tourist, 1906; Vera, the Medium, 1908.

The British recognized Mr. Davis's contributions to the world of science by creating him a Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society.

His home was at The Crossroads, Mount Kisco, in the state of New York.

COMMISSION NAMED.

Ottawa, April 12.—An order in council has been passed appointing a commission to investigate labor conditions in the munitions factories at Toronto and Montreal, where there has been considerable complaint and some discontent.

The commission will consist of Judge C. G. Snyder, senior judge of West-
worth county, who will act as chairman; Wm. Inglis, of the firm of John Inglis & Co., Toronto, and John McClelland, of Montreal, vice-president of the International Association of Machinists.

The commission will start work immediately.

A countryman had done some jobs for an Irish priest, and the latter offered him half a glass of whiskey. Priest (loftily)—There. Pat, that whiskey is 30 years old. Pat (eyeing glass)—Troth, thin, your reverence, it's mighty small for its age.

REPRESENTATION AT PEACE CONFERENCE

E. Nathan, Italian Writer, Thinks There Will Be No Delegate From Pope

Rome, April 11.—Discussing the question as to whether it is desirable for the Pope to be represented at the peace congress, the Nuova Antologia publishes an article written by Signor Ernesto Nathan.

"The Pope," he writes, "is recognized throughout the whole civilized world as the head of the Roman Catholic church, and it is also admitted and recognized that civil power has been lost to him forever. There being several other religious systems besides that over which he rules, all equally admitted and recognized by the civilized world, particularly in the countries likely to be represented in the congress, why should the Pope's delegate take part in the congress, and not the representatives of the Anglican and Lutheran churches, the Mohammedan and Buddhist faiths? In other words, is it conceivable that the representatives of the powers will recognize the superiority and sovereignty of the Roman Catholic religion over the religions they officially profess and recognize? And if not, is it conceivable that the civil powers will admit delegates from all the other religious sects together with their own representatives to discuss terms of peace on equal authority?"

"These questions leave no doubt as to their answers. The law of guarantees is a question for the Italian people, who will assume no charge without fulfilling it. Every nation and individual must solve the religious question according to conscience, individual and collective; and questions of nationality, and of ethnographic and economic boundaries must be considered by the legal civil representatives of the various nations. Any other solution must appear illogical, inadmissible and even absurd, the more so in face of the guarantees given by the various nations to the heads of the religions officially recognized."

MANY GERMANS IN ALSACE DESERTING

Lausanne, April 12.—The Basle correspondent of the Gazette de Lausanne speaks in praise of the French troops' attitude during the recent fighting in Alsace.

"In certain places," he says, "the fighting was so protracted that the men were eight days without taking their clothes off, without even taking their boots off, sleeping anywhere, wrapped up in their blankets. They kept the fight up to the very end. Today they are ready to begin again, though they know that it is likely to be a severe encounter."

"There is no exaggeration in saying that the morale of the French troops in Alsace, which is the only section from which we can obtain any information, remains unbroken, and is very superior to that of their adversaries. The number of German deserters—not only those who succeeded in getting into Switzerland, but those who have reached their goal—is very much greater than is admitted on the other side of the Rhine. This is a sign of weakness which must be taken into account."

WILHELM NEARLY KILLED.

London, April 12.—The German kaiser is at Potsdam recovering from nervous shock as the result of the explosion of a shell near Verdun which destroyed the imperial motor car and killed several officers, says a Rome dispatch to The Daily Telegraph, quoting Swiss reports. The kaiser was not hurt, the dispatch adds.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

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We cannot urge upon all intending suit buyers too strongly the importance of an early selection of the Easter Costume. Right now stocks are most complete, and afford a fine variety of materials, styles and colorings. By selecting your new suit at "Campbell's" you are sure to be correctly attired. View the new suits to-day.

Prices Range:

\$17.50, \$25.00, \$27.50, \$35.00 and Up



Select the Baby's Wearing Apparel During "Baby Week"

Every mother is aware of the fact that this is "Baby" week. Baby is "King" in our children's department, and in honor of the little tots we are making special displays of all kinds of wearing apparel, Dresses, Headwear, Underclothing, etc. Visit our store and view this showing.

New Waists for Easter Wear in a Great Variety of Correct Styles—Moderately Priced

AMERICANS CHASING ONLY SMALL BAND

Meanwhile Villa, Very Much Alive, is Hidden in the Mountains

El Paso, April 12.—Masking his trail with the deluding fiction spread broadcast by Mexican peons that he had died of his wounds, Francisco Villa is thought by the Mexican military officials in Juarez to be hidden away in the sheltering recesses of the Sierra Madre mountains while the American cavalry is pursuing a rearguard band of Villistas whose strategy it is to beguile Villa's pursuers away from the hiding place of their chief.

Mexican followers in other campaigns say it was a favorite trick of Villa, when the chase became hot for the bandit to have the story spread that he was dead, that the ardor of his pursuers might be dampened. Army officers at Fort Bliss declare that if the Villa death story is a hoax it will in no wise affect the pursuit of the "fox of the Sierras."

New Base.

Brig. Gen. Pershing has established a new base at Salvo, according to information received here to-day, but no word has come from the flying column of American cavalry under command of Colonel Dodd and Brown, whose pursuit of the Villistas is said to extend beyond Parral. There are reports that the advance columns had been forced to halt until the line of communications had been established south of Salvo.

There is nothing official here or at army headquarters at Columbus, N.M., to confirm a report that troops of the 7th Cavalry killed a number of Villa men and captured 35 last Saturday south of Salvo. Military officers at Columbus do not credit the report. Supplies in increased quantities are being forwarded steadily by the quartermaster's department to Casas Grandes, Namiquipa and other points.

"By the way, bishop, why is it that you always address your congregation as 'brethren' and never mention the women in your sermons?" "But, my dear madam, the one embraces the other." "Oh, but bishop, not in church!"

GERMAN COAL FOR ROUMANIAN GRAIN

Rome Paper Says Roumania Has Suspended Commercial Relations With Russia

London, April 12.—Roumania has re-established commercial relations with Germany and Austria, according to a Central News dispatch from Rome. The Giornale d'Italia, which is quoted as making this statement, also states that Roumania's commercial relations with Russia have been suspended.

Another dispatch from Rome states that the service of freight trains to Hungary is to be resumed and the export of 150,000 wagon loads of Roumanian grain to the central empire is about to begin.

In exchange Roumania will receive German coal, machinery and other industrial products. The question of munitions for the Roumanian army is not yet settled. Roumania has an insufficient supply of these and it is said that until that is remedied, she will not intervene, although troop movements continue on all the frontiers.

OUTBREAKS IN CANTON.

Shanghai, April 12.—Minor disturbances in the outlying districts of Canton between revolutionists and the regular forces of Lung Chi Kuang, governor of Kwang Tung, are reported to be due to misunderstandings which the commanders of the respective forces are trying to remove.

The financial problem is becoming acute owing to the fact that the pay of the regulars is several months in arrears. The revolutionists have consented that Lung Chi Kuang shall administer the government provisionally.

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HYPOPHOSPHITES**

Will put that vim and vigor into you again.
One month's treatment for one dollar.

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CENTRAL DRUG STORE
708 N. 3RD ST.
PHOENIX 201



Preparedness

Now that all nations are talking preparedness, why not discuss health preparedness. While we have been negligent in protecting our country against the enemy, we have also failed lamentably in fortifying our human bodies against disease germs.

This has been proven in the recruiting offices, where so many men have been turned down by the examining doctors. Weak heart action; diseased lungs; thin, watery blood; defective eyesight, resulting from exhausted nerves. These are among the prevailing derangements which the examining doctors find.

Health has been neglected. The blood has not been kept in healthful condition. The nervous system has got run down, and the subject under inspection is in no condition to fight the enemies of his country or to withstand the attack of disease germs.

Health preparedness means the use of preventive treatment, such as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, to enrich the blood, reinvigorate the starved nerve cells and keep the health at high-water mark. In this condition you have the strength, vigor and confidence which is necessary to the success and enjoyment of life. You have the vitality to defy disease germs and thereby escape many ills which find an easy prey in the run-down system.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, by means of its blood-forming and nerve-invigorating influence, cures headaches, nervous indigestion, sleeplessness and irritability, and prevents such serious diseases as nervous prostration, locomotor ataxia and paralysis.

50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50, all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations disappoint.

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All copy for display advertisements must be at Times Office before 4 p. m. of the day previous to the day of insertion. This is imperative. When this rule is not complied with we do not guarantee insertion.

THAT REGISTRATION TRANSACTION.

Had the Attorney-General the power under an order-in-council to reduce the registration fees on the two trust mortgages registered by the Canadian Western Lumber Company last summer? The Registrar-General told the Public Accounts Committee yesterday that he doubted if the order was sufficient to cover the case. Section 174 of the Land Registry Act provides that fees shall be paid as fixed in an accompanying schedule or "such other fees as the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council may from time to time by order direct." We understand the Registrar-General to interpret this as empowering the government to change the fees by order-in-council for general application, not to vary them to cover a particular case. This is also the prevailing legal view.

But as this was one of Mr. Bowser's transactions the question of legal authority for it becomes more or less academic. What is an act of the legislature, anyway, when the Attorney-General wants to help his friends? What was the Audit Act in the little matter of \$300,000 for the Kitchikano Reserve deal? How solicitous were Mr. Bowser and Sir Richard McBride for the powers of Parliament when they coolly accepted Mr. Turner's resignation by order-in-council, thereby binding the province to assume substantial financial obligations? Besides, in the present case the beneficiaries are Mackenzie, Mann, et al., a circumstance which, of course, obliterates all acts of the legislature which otherwise might stand in the way of their applications for special treatment.

Our morning contemporary reports this feature of the inquiry by the Public Accounts Committee as an attempt by the Liberals to make a "mountain out of a molehill." The description is based upon the ingenious theory of the member for Kaseo that what took place last summer was merely the registration of the trust mortgages given by the Canadian Western Lumber Company consequent upon its reorganization, and that in view of the fact that it had paid the statutory fee for a previous registration it would have been robbery to have charged the full amount in this instance. But were that the case why was the order-in-council necessary? That instrument by which a fee of \$14,000 required by law was reduced to \$200 made no reference to this point. Bearing the signatures of Mr. Bowser as presiding member of the executive and Mr. Bowser as Attorney-General, it urged the financial stringency of the company as the reason for its adoption; it stated in effect that if Sir Wm. Mackenzie, Sir Donald Mann and their associates had to pay the fees that all other people have to pay, irrespective of their financial circumstances, they might not be able to meet their bills and would find it difficult to carry on business. It is a pity Mr. Bowser did not consult Mr. Mackay before he drafted that singular document. He would not have tried to excuse this discrimination in favor of a group of multi-millionaires on the ground of "hard times."

REPORTS OF DEBATES.

A contemporary remarks that the revised edition of the Canadian Hansard does not contain all that is said in Parliament. This is true, and it is equally the fact that everything Hansard reports is not said in Parliament. The unrevised edition, however, is a pretty faithful reproduction of the debates, although when the House is in session all night or until late in the morning there is considerable abridgement of the late speeches. This cannot be

avoided, because the unrevised edition must be issued each morning.

The revised edition—that is the edition which is bound and adorns our bookshelves—is not issued until several days after the date covered by it. Meanwhile every member who has spoken on that particular day has received a proof of the report of his remarks with the request to make any necessary corrections and to return it promptly to the debates officer. The member is supposed to confine his corrections mainly to typographical errors, not to make any radical alterations, but this understanding invariably is overlooked. After-thoughts a-plenty find their way to the proofsheet. Many polished gems of rhetoric or fetching epigrams figure in the revised edition of the Hansard, although not spoken in the House. But they will not be found in the unrevised edition. This is not to say that the unrevised reports are not edited. They have to be. There are few speakers in either chamber at Ottawa, or in any other chamber for that matter, whose speech reports do not require editing. The late Sir Richard Cartwright was one of the exceptions. His speeches were so perfect in arrangement and expression that they could be printed exactly as they were spoken.

In comparison with the Congressional Record at Washington, however, the Canadian Hansard is a flawless reproduction of what transpires in Parliament. Many of the speeches published in the official report of Congress are not delivered at all. It is permissible for a member with the sanction of the House to send his manuscript to the printer and the speech appears in all its glory in the published record. The member does not necessarily need to know even what is in the manuscript. Not a few actually buy their speeches ready-made and embed them in the record. Nor is it only in Washington that this practice is resorted to. It flourishes also in Victoria.

UNDULY ALARMED.

The member for Liverpool in the House of Commons is reported saying that the scarcity of shipping is becoming so serious that the present agitation regarding the prices of food is likely to be succeeded by an agitation based upon actual food shortage. He estimates that since the commencement of the war ocean-going British vessels of three million tons have been lost from all causes. He adds that between a third and a half of Great Britain's food supply is being carried in neutral ships, and urges that neutral countries be compelled by the allies to make use of interned neutral ships.

Liverpool naturally reflects the ups and downs of the shipping situation with peculiar sensitiveness, and its member's views no doubt are largely influenced by that fact, but his estimate of the amount of ocean-going British ships lost since the outbreak of war falls foul of all the records. According to the London News and Leader the total British losses in shipping (merchant and fishing) up to the end of February was 754,890 tons. Since then, however, over forty-two British ships have been lost, but the total tonnage must still be considerably under a million. And many of the ships destroyed were interned German vessels. Britain's total shipping tonnage is about 21,000,000, and not improbably is equal to, if not greater than, her tonnage when the war began. It is possible, of course, that the figure given by the Liverpool member includes as lost to trade-carrying the ships commandeered by the admiralty for naval and military purposes. No other computation could have given him the extraordinary total of three million.

It is the British admiralty and not the German submarine campaign which is creating the difficult situation in shipping. If the allies had committed themselves to fewer far-flung undertakings in connection with the war the strain would have been materially lessened. The Gallipoli campaign alone was a terribly heavy drain; the presence of a great army at Salonica is another. The maintenance of a third big army in Egypt, the operations in German East Africa and the Mesopotamian campaign levy a collectively heavy toll upon Britain's mercantile marine. When those outlying campaigns have been completed the shipping situation will be improved.

Great Britain undoubtedly is being much inconvenienced by the German submarine campaign, but there is no likelihood of its causing an actual food shortage. Certainly the destruction of two or three ships a day cannot bring that about. If there was any prospect of it the admiralty simply would have to restrict some of its undertakings in fields that do not vitally affect the main issues of the war, but the Germans will have to destroy more than forty-two vessels a month to create even that necessity. The alarmist speech of the member for Liverpool will encourage the enemy in the belief that his plan for terrorizing shipping from British ports is succeeding. His suggestion that the allies try to compel neutrals to use interned German ships is out of the question. The enemy will bring that about himself before long by his piratical methods.

If he does not even precipitate them into war against him.

Those right trusty Knights whose countenances are always rueful when they appear before our rulers in the guise of mendicants must be given credit for possessing a magic "touch." Whatever happens to the railways with which Sir William Mackenzie and Sir Donald Mann are associated (and they are said to be "on the rocks") no pecuniary misfortunes are likely to fall upon these flowers of Canadian knight-hood in the days when they are unable to bore holes with their lances in the vaults of this province and of the Dominion. Mr. Bowser, we see, has been kindly in his treatment of another concern with which Sir William and Sir Donald are financially associated, and they have escaped paying registration dues and assessments which are levied upon mere commoners who have business to do with our provincial institutions. People who are not in any comfortable circumstances as these gentlemen get no preferential treatment by process of extremely doubtful orders-in-council.

A contemporary which seems to be sunk in the depths of despair because the character of so many public men has suffered from attack of late might be cheered up a little if it were to reflect that the public men it has the misfortune to be allied with politically and in other ways are not by any means truly representative of what is best in the life of Canada. At least we hope they are not. There is one sure way of restoring the faith of the public in our public men and in the institutions they represent. Turn the grafters and unfaithful servants out. There can be no readjustment of affairs, no restoration of public confidence and no prosperity such as we have enjoyed in the past until this is done.

The Prairie Club which has been auspiciously launched in Victoria will, we hope, have a successful career. Those prairie men are a breezy, energetic lot. Whatever their hands find to do they do with all their might. That is a matter of habit. Perhaps it also has some connection with the climatic conditions to which they have been accustomed, and which very often is lost under different surroundings. At any rate, we believe the men of the Prairie Club can and will do a lot that will be of material benefit to Victoria. They are in touch with conditions that provide opportunities. For instance, they can inform their friends in the East about the advantages of Victoria as a place of residence.

While time undoubtedly is on the side of the allies in this war it cannot deliver the coup de grace. Time, superior resources and a blockade helped the North in the American civil war, and after Gettysburg it was seen that the South was beaten. Nevertheless Grant had to deliver the knockout in the heaviest fighting of the war for many months after that. Germany will have to be beaten in the field and driven by main force to the Rhine. She will not retire until she has to and she will not have to unless the allied armies smash her.

The New York Sun thinks the Huns must have some military purpose in their repeated Zeppelin raids upon Great Britain. Doubtless just as much purpose as have the hyphenated Huns who are blowing up things and killing citizens of the American Republic, which does not appear to have sufficient spirit to protect its citizens from assassination.

That crafty dismembered fellow Villa, reported both dead and captured, has hopped off on his one stump again, and General Pershing does not know where to find him. Before that adventure of Uncle Sam's is over it will be found that Villa has as many lives as the late King Menekel of Abyssinia had.

"Vive La France." Whatever the ultimate result of the battle of Verdun, all people who love their native land henceforth must do homage to the gallant soldiers of our splendid ally.

PROFITEERING IN MEN'S LIVES.

Ottawa Citizen.

Speaking in the House of Commons at Westminster, February 21 last, Sir Joseph Walton, referring to the high prices the Netherlands has been forced to pay for shells from abroad, said: "I do not believe that we get \$1 in value for every \$3 we send to the United States for munitions of war. I know that few cartridges are very defective, and that more than once they have been sent back out of the trenches, the men having refused to use them. I want to know what steps are being taken to take more care that our shells are effective. It is an absolute fact that on the day that the 60 yards of trenches were taken by the Germans, ten days ago, one of our boasted 8-inch howitzers sent twenty-eight shells, and out of those twenty-eight shells only four burst. It is criminal to send ineffective shells to our brave fellows to defend their lives and their trenches."

The sting of the war profiteer is doubly venomous: it strikes at the heart and endurance of the nation, and it stabs the men helpless in the trenches. The spy is looked upon with contempt and shot; but the spy's work at least may be inspired by patriotic motives, and the greatest hazard in applying is taken by the spy himself.

But what can be said to lessen the loathsomeness of war profiteering? The

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Kirk's Jingle Pot
Wellington Coal
Kirk & Co.
LIMITED
1212 Broad Street
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Some people are satisfied with any kind of a meal. Others are more particular, and others again are most particular. The most critical are delighted when they patronize the dining room of the

Dominion Hotel

This Dinner To-night is Wonderful Value for 50 CENTS.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1916.
Young Celery—Green Olives.
Fresh Crab Cocktail.
Consomme Milanais.
Ox-Joint au Maitre.
Baked Halibut a la Mornay.
Potatoes Natural.
Lamb Cutlets Breaded with French Dressing.
Boiled Calf's Head a la Vinaigrette.
Eminence, Potatoes, Red Wine Sauce.
Prime Ribs of Beef au Jus.
Stuffed Young Chicken, Giblet Sauce.
Walrus Salad.
Mashed Potatoes, Steamed Potatoes.
Cauliflower Bechamel Sauce.
Peach Pie—Custard Pie.
Fudge a la Royale.
Strawberry Ice Cream with Cake.
Our Merchants' Lunch, served every day for 35 cents is very popular with all who relish an excellent meal at a very moderate price.



is very tempting—especially if the bread has come from our bakery. The fragrance of it attracts the nose and makes your mouth water. But the first taste starts a longing for a lot of it and you realize what Shakespeare meant when he wrote: "As if increase of appetite had grown by what it fed on." In other words, you'll want our bread all the time.

THE BAKERIES, LIMITED
Phone 849

profiteer may be a trusted servant of the state, plying the trade in men's lives behind a mask of patriotism, vested with rank and title from the king, or given a mark of distinction and trust such as honorable member or honorary colonel. While the spy is liable to be shot, the profiteer is assured of riches and the flattery of flunkies; the whole machinery of the state may even be rallied to the defence of the profiteering where it has been carried on by pillars of society.

The cost of the war is a crushing burden on the Motherland, and so statesman can tell how long it may have to be carried before the enemy is reduced to impotence. The sure way to render the British Empire and the allies impotent is by the undermining process of profiteering in the nation's agony. Sir Joseph Walton says at Westminster, "I do not believe that we get \$1 in value for every \$3 we send to the United States for munitions of war." Let Canada, note what Mr. D. A. Thomas, representing the British ministry of munitions, said in Montreal last September. Addressing the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, regarding the cost of shells, he said: "With regard to economy, that must be considered, and I may tell you that the cost of shells in Canada has been higher than in competitive countries. It is complained that fat orders have gone to the United States, but I can assure you that a big slice will be reserved for Canada as long as the price is fairly satisfactory. But prices so far have been higher here than in the United States or Great Britain, where any extra profits have been commandeered by the government."

Not the genuine Canadian manufacturers, but the privileged profiteering interests were mainly responsible for the British cause being so undermined. Profiteering also largely caused the delay in delivery, with the consequent waste of precious lives in the firing line. When the British representative made public the fact that Canadian deliveries were behind, Sir Sam Hughes—with the knowledge and responsibility regarding the American fuse orders for Canadian shells—publicly contradicted Mr. D. A. Thomas. But Lord Curzon had also affirmed in the House of Lords that "delivery from Canada had been exceptionally bad."

Profiteering is the enemy, and it is not confined to any one nation. It has no nationality, nor principle, but is founded on ignorance, greed and lust. Profiteering will send defective shells to the gunners, and think nothing of the men betrayed. It will put faulty rifles and useless ammunition into the hands of the soldiers and send them to their fate in the trenches. Whatever flaws there were in the Ross rifles first issued to the Canadian troops—and why has the government allowed Sir Sam Hughes to withhold the war office report on the Ross rifles—the fault would finally be traced to lack of regard for men's lives and over-much regard for the fat of war contracting and profiteering.

NEW PILLARS OF SOCIETY?

Grain Growers' Guide.
After the war we will have a new crop of millionaires who have been engaged in

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

This Season's Greatest Wearing Apparel Event



Actual \$25 to \$45 Suits Specially Purchased and on Sale at \$17.50

PURCHASERS are more than pleased with this big Easter offering of Women's Suits for these garments are all brand new and express only the choicest of last-minute styles.

Amongst the materials are handsome black and white combination stripe effects. Various tweed mixtures, also novelty silk and wool fabrics in battleship grey, fawn, sand, light and dark blues and black.

Concerning the styles, there's a wide selection, many featuring entirely new effects with ripple hips, pleated and finished with belt. Skirts are cut full with gathered backs or pleated. Models that we consider good values at \$25.00 to \$45.00.

Selling at

\$17.50

—Mantles, First Floor

The First Time We Have Ever Offered New Silk Crepe de Chine Waists at this Price, \$2.90

Three dollars and ninety cents is the lowest price at which we have ever sold Waists of silk crepe de chine. A fortunate purchase to advantage brings this charming new style waist, made from a good quality silk crepe de chine, here to sell at a price considerably below the regular. The style is semi-tailored, made with yoke, flat collar and full-length sleeves. All seams are hemstitched and edges finished with picot edging. The pretty shades are rose, floral, canary, Copenhagen and white. Special, each **\$2.90**

—Selling, First Floor

Sale of Guipure and Baby Irish Laces

Slightly Soiled and Short Ends, With Values as High as \$6.75, Clearing Specially at a Yard

75c

A positively ridiculous price that is out of all proportion to their regular values, and we doubt if such extraordinary lace values were ever offered before at the price. A chance for lace bargain hunters to secure the greatest bargains of their time. Needless to say, early shopping is advisable. The assortment includes real Guipure and Baby Irish Laces, 19 inches wide and selling in the regular way as high as \$6.75 a yard. Being slightly soiled and mostly in short lengths, white, cream and ecru, we clear the entire lot at a sacrifice price a yard **75c**

Guipure Edgings and Insertions in every width, all styles and designs. Values to \$2.50. Clearing at a yard **50c**

—Selling, Main Floor

750 Yards Factory Ends Bordered American Scrims

Values to 35c. Offered at, Yard, 15c

A manufacturer's surplus stock of short ends bought to advantage, which gives you the chance of fixing up your windows with new draperies for the spring and summer at small cost. The prices vary from 15c to 3 yards in length. There are various pretty colored border effects with regular values to 35c. We clear them out while they last at a yard **15c**

—Draperies, First Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

HEADQUARTERS EDISON MAZDA LAMPS

Fill Your Home Brimful of Light



Enjoy an abundance of pure, pleasant light in every room in your home without increasing your light bills a cent—by using the **EDISON MAZDA LAMP** which gives triple the light of old style carbon lamps, for the same light bill. The EDISON MAZDA is MADE IN CANADA, and is the "QUALITY" Lamp.

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1607 Douglas St. Telephone 643 Opposite City Hall

First Quality Dry Fir Cordwood

Now reduced to last year's prices

\$5.35 Cash

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BRITISH COLUMBIA ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Orchestral Class

is being organized under

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For further particulars apply Secretary.

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UTILIZE TIMES WANT ADS FOR RESULTS

L. Rosenheim and Fils

Genuine French Clarets

(Bottled in France)

	Per Bottle	Per 1/2 Bottle
Chateau Latour Rauzan.....	\$.75	\$.40
Chateau Breillan Blanquet.....	1.00	.50
Chateau Pontac Montplaisir.....	1.25	.65
Chateau Haut Breton.....	1.50	.85

(War Tax 5c Extra)

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Family Wines and Spirit Merchants. Incorporated 1870
Open Till 10 p.m. Telephone 4283
1312 Douglas Street. We Deliver.

SEW FOR BABY THIS WEEK

We can assist you to make every week "Baby Week." It will be more profitable for you and more comfortable for baby. We have—

Butterick Patterns, a complete assortment for every garment. 15c and 10c
Prints, good qualities at 15c and 12 1/2c
Capes, plain and plaid, from 25c to 15c
Pique, 35 inches wide, from 30c
Duck and Satin finished Duck, 35c down to 20c
Indian Head, 38 inches wide, at 25c
A wide range of Infants' Woolen Garments in Especially Good Values

G.A. Richardson & Co.

Victoria House, 628 Yates St.

University School for Boys

Recent successes at McGill University. Second place in Canada in 1915 at the Royal Military College, Kingston. Canadian Navy, B. C. Surveyors' Preliminary, Cadet Corps and Shooting. Separate and special arrangements for Junior Boys.

BOYS TAKEN FROM 8 YEARS OF AGE AND UPWARDS

Summer term commences Wednesday, April 13, 1916.
Warden—Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab.).
Headmaster—J. C. Barnacle, Esq. (London University).
For particulars and prospectus apply the Headmaster.

Are You Interested in the Western Scots?

The battalion is now under orders to proceed in active service. Before many more months have passed it will be doing its part in the trenches. You can keep in touch with it weekly by subscribing now.

"The Western Scot"

(25c per Month in Advance Mailed to Your Address.)
This bright, lively paper will be published weekly wherever the battalion may be. It will contain interesting news of the boys of the 67th. It will be published (with pe. inst.) at the front.

Leave your subscription NOW WITH THE TIMES.

The Stratheona Lodge

Shawnigan Lake
Is now open for the season, under entirely new management.
RATES \$2.50 PER DAY
Special rates for fishermen and week-end parties.
For further information address M. A. WYLDE, Stratheona Lodge, Shawnigan Lake, B. C.

12 in. and 16 in. Blocks Per Cord \$5.00

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OUR CUSTOMERS

Find style, comfort and satisfaction in the clothes we make. Why not be one of them?
G. H. REDMAN,
Tailor, 628 Yates St.

BORING AND BUILDING

Talk about yourself and you are a bore, advertise and you are listened to.
There is a curious law of human nature back of this. Talk is cheap. Advertising costs definite dollars and people know it.
They take it that you would not spend your money unless you had something to say.
They regard advertising as matter of direct interest to them.
They read it and they buy advertised goods and patronize stores that advertise.
The daily newspaper is the great advertising message bearer.

Phoenix Beer—3 qts. for 25c

Dr. J. L. Thompson, Dentist, now located in New Spencer Block (Arcade Bldg.), View street. Phone 5545.

Phoenix Beer—3 qts. for 25c

Every dollar that you give helps a soldier's wife to live! Patriotic Aid Society, 1210 Broad St.

Phoenix Stout—3 qts. for 25c

Made, Sold and Used in Victoria. No surface polish puts on a lasting lustre on your floors, furniture and autos. 25c. for 25c. bottle; 90c. at grocers, garages and R. A. Brown & Co's.

"Squirrel" Brand Peanut Butter, at all grocers.

Automobile Radiators and mud guards repaired by expert workmen. Watson & McGregor, 647 Johnson St.

Phoenix Stout—3 qts. for 25c

"The Club of the Forty Thieves" dance, Thursday, 13th, Progressive Thought Temple, 8:30, till 11:30.

Rummage Sale in Scott Building, corner Hillside and Douglas, Thursday next.

Silver Spring Beer, 2 qts. for 25c

B. W. Grant is opening at 1318 Govt. than ever.

The Famous Haines' Marmalade is now being demonstrated by Mrs. Haines at the Oak Bay Grocery. Drop in and try it.

Carnations, violets, and all kinds of cut flowers in season always on sale. The Quadra Greenhouse Co., Ltd. We want your business and by giving you satisfaction we will keep it. 612 Fort Street, City.

B. and V. Club.—The B. and V. Club will hold their regular social dance on Wednesday next at Connaught hall.

New Thought Lecture.—Dr. T. W. Butler will lecture to-night at 8 o'clock in the New Thought temple, corner of Pandora and Blanshard streets. This will be a free lecture.

Land Surveyors.—The April examinations for commissions as B. C. land surveyors has just been concluded, and the following have qualified: W. D. Mackay, Norman B. Lyche, M. H. Ramsay, Francis B. Monteith.

Veterans' Club.—All returned soldiers are requested to attend a meeting of the Veterans' Club at Camouan building, 1205-06 Langley street, to-night, and co-operate with the executive committee in their plans regarding the novel entertainments to be given at the Royal Victoria theatre on Monday and Tuesday, April 17 and 18, in aid of the club. The object of the club is to further the interests of its members in every possible manner, and to obtain employment for returned soldiers.

Naval Tag Day.—At a meeting of the committee of the Naval Fund "Tag Day," held yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Thomson, the official representative of the Navy League Chapter, I. O. D. E. to the Victoria Patriotic Aid Society informed the committee that official word had been received from Ottawa reinstating the men of the B. N. C. V. and R. C. N. on the fund. They will, therefore, receive the usual assistance granted to active service men, and it will in consequence be unnecessary for the Navy League Chapter to hold a "Tag Day" on their behalf. This information will be very welcome to all interested in naval affairs. To all those who so kindly volunteered to tag and help with their services in various ways on April 15, the chapter extends the heartfelt thanks and appreciation.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, quart, \$2.00 per dozen

The Famous Haines' Marmalade is now being demonstrated by Mrs. Haines at the Oak Bay Grocery. Drop in and try it.

For Rent, Furnished Housekeeping Rooms—Gas range, hot and cold water. Fairfield hotel, Cormorant and Douglas streets.

Hold Whist Drive.—Lodge Princess Alexandra, Daughters of England, will hold a whist drive in the Orange hall, Yates street, to-night at 8:15 o'clock. Prizes will be given.

Rummage Sale.—The ladies of Baxter Review, No. 8, will hold a rummage sale on April 19, in the Scott block, corner of Hillside avenue and Douglas street.

K. of P. Dance.—The Knights of Pythias will hold a social dance on Friday under the management of the Pythian Club. To all patrons of the club a cordial invitation is extended.

Social Service Work.—Miss Wark will give a talk on her social service work among the young girls of Victoria, on Thursday evening, at the Tabernacle Baptist church, Chester street, Fairfield road, at 8 o'clock.

Psychological Society.—The Victoria Psychological Society will hold a meeting at 2:30 p. m. to-morrow, when Mrs. Lela D. Dwyer will give a talk on "Success and How to Attain It." This will be followed by answers to questions and psychic messages.

Salvation Army.—A lecture will be given by Rev. William Stevenson at the Salvation Army citadel on Broad street on Thursday night, commencing at 8 o'clock. The title of the lecture will be "Ireland and the Irish People." Mr. Stevenson will deal with the subject in the aspects of religion, wit and custom. The public is heartily invited to be present.

St. Jude's Mission.—A sale of all sorts and kinds will be held to-morrow afternoon at St. Jude's Mission room, Obed avenue, in aid of the mission. Contributions should be sent at once and purchasers should come at 2:30 to-morrow afternoon. Tea will be served at ten cents per person. Contributions of all kinds, new and old, will be most welcome.

Daughters of the Nile.—A meeting of the Shriners' ladies was held Tuesday afternoon in I. O. O. F. temple. It was decided to organize a Temple of the Daughters of the Nile in Victoria on April 29. Any lady wishing to add her name to the charter list is requested to phone the queen, Mrs. Thomas Taylor, or the princess royal, Mrs. J. J. Jackson.

Trials Adjourned.—Owing to the funeral of the late Mr. Justice Irving, in the supreme and county courts set for this morning were adjourned. In the supreme court Ball against the Western Landa, Ltd., is listed, and in the county court Judge Lampan is hearing this afternoon the trial of Quebec bank against Edwards, which was listed for this morning.

For Prisoners of War.—A programme of exceptional interest has been prepared for the organ recital to be given in St. John's church to-morrow at 8:15 p. m. A silver collection will be taken up during the programme for the Prisoners of War fund, and it is hoped that there will be a very large attendance in order that this most deserving fund may be considerably augmented. The artists assisting Mr. Burnett, the organist, will be Mrs. J. R. Green, Mrs. Robert Baird, and A. Harkness, a cornet soloist of the 103rd band.

Entertained Aged Men.—"The Great War" was the subject of a highly interesting lecture, given by William Ritchie last evening at the Old Men's Home. The address was copiously illustrated with lantern views, and was listened to with warm interest by the aged inmates. After Mr. Ritchie's lecture there was a short musical programme, among those who took part being J. Hedley, at the piano; Austin Bailey, who sang a solo; Miss E. Hudson, who sang and also recited; and Miss F. Bailey, who very ably accompanied at the piano. Afterwards delicious light refreshments were served. H. Hudson made an admirable chairman.

Cloverdale "Red Cross Night."—The Cloverdale subcommittee of the Red Cross Society has prepared an interesting programme for the weekly "Red Cross Night," at the Royal Victoria theatre. The usual picture series will be given during the evening, and there will be in addition the very interesting vaudeville programme which has been prepared by the ladies of the Cloverdale subcommittee. Among those who are taking part will be Mrs. Roy Troup, Miss Patricia Hyde, Miss Winifred Morning-Duffey, W. Sprague, J. R. Brown, and a number of children from Mrs. Sheridan-Bickers's dancing class who are to dance. As usual thirty per cent. of the gross receipts will be handed by the theatre management, which has very generously conceded these terms to the Red Cross Society. A big audience is wanted.

Real Estate Exchange.—The Real Estate Exchange, at a meeting yesterday, decided to apply to the government for some arrangement by which officers commanding overseas battalions in France and England should have the status of notaries public in order to take statutory declarations to facilitate the transaction of general business by soldiers. The question of the commission received by the inspector of legal offices for purchasing the proposed court house site, and the breach of the regulations for fees payable by a timber company with which the Mackenzie & Mann interests are prominently identified, were under consideration, and laid over till it is known what action the government will take.

ESCAPING PRISONER INJURES INSPECTOR

Cocaine User Makes Break From Police Building, Knocking Down Inspector Gregg

Joseph Bennett was sentenced in city police court this morning to one month's imprisonment for being in possession of cocaine. There is a sequel to this story, which was not revealed to the magistrate on account of the accused pleading guilty.

Bennett had been under suspicion for vagrancy, and a constable went down to Chinatown to find him yesterday afternoon. They came up to the police building together, but the sergeant was not in, so the constable took Bennett into the license inspector's office, which opens on to the main hall, and left him in charge while he went on other business intending to return.

Soon afterwards Bennett made a bolt for liberty, and License Inspector Gregg was knocked down by Bennett in the corridor. He was caught subsequently on Fisgard street.

After the occurrence Mr. Gregg found that his foot began to swell, and on medical inspection it was ascertained that in the fall an artery had been severed and blood was rapidly collecting. He has been removed home for medical attention.

ALDERMEN BUSY

Many Meetings Claim Attention: Golfing Journal Hears of Victoria's Proposed Links

In addition to numerous visits the city officials are paying to the legislative buildings on amendments to legislation meeting at this time. To-morrow afternoon there will be a further meeting of the civic harbor committee, at which the bridge project will be considered. The letter containing the statement of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway's position, which was read in council last Monday, will be before the members.

On Friday afternoon there is to be a further conference of the fire wardens with the Vancouver Island Fire Underwriters' Association, preceded by a meeting of the civic special committee on inside employees. There will be a meeting of the streets committee in the afternoon. That engagement will clash with the annual meeting of the board of trade, to which all the aldermen have been invited, but owing to the fact that the regular meeting next week of this committee will be disturbed by the Good Friday holiday, it has been felt necessary to hold a session.

The proposal of the city to lay out part of the Elk Lake watershed as a municipal golf course appears to have secured wide publicity. The management of the "Canadian Golfer" has applied for full information, in connection with an article on municipal golf courses in Canada. Meanwhile it may be mentioned that the prospect of public subscription, as the city council is doubtful whether the whole of the money ought rightly to come from the ratepayers this year.

Mining Committee.—There was a private session of the mining committee of the legislature this morning for the purpose of considering the evidence taken in the dispute of R. T. Ward and John Hopp in regard to mining claims in the Cariboo district, and drafting a report. The committee did not complete its work, adjourning until Friday forenoon.

Committee on Agriculture.—The legislative committee on agriculture this morning heard Miss E. St. John Wileman on matters of immigration, upon which she is touring this country. The committee also discussed further the matter of licensing commission houses dealing with agricultural produce along the lines of the recommendations made by a deputation which waited on it some days ago. It is understood that the committee is likely to recommend to the House that some action in this direction should be taken for the protection both of the producers and the consumers.



Why Not Now?

You know that you will be compelled to have your teeth attended to some day, but why should you delay? Every day not only adds to the discomfort you experience, but tends to depreciate your general health.

MOUTHESIA

has eliminated all pain and discomfort, and has brought me hundreds of entirely unsolicited expressions of gratitude.

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The devotees of music in and around Victoria are invited to make this beautifully appointed music emporium their headquarters for whatever they may require. Whether it be classical, standard or popular compositions, sheet or folio, we have it—that you may depend upon.

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The Portrait Series	Six Love Songs—By London
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New Zealand Butter, per lb.....	42c	Fine Quality Potatoes, per 100 lbs.....	\$1.25
The People's Tea Per lb.....	30c	(We pride ourselves on the quality of our Potatoes)	
The People's Coffee, extra fine quality, Per lb.....	33c	Nice Juicy Lemons, 2 dozen.....	25c
3 lbs. for.....	95c	Choice Grapefruit 5 for.....	25c
Sago, Tapioca, Pearl Barley or Lima Beans 4 lbs.....	25c	Extra Fine Quality S. C. Salmon 3 large cans.....	25c
Fine Ripe Bananas per dozen.....	20c	Large Tin Tomatoes, Peas, Corn or Beans per can.....	10c
Aylmer Marmalade, 4-lb. tin 50¢, 2-lb. tin.....	25c	Imperial Jelly Powders, all flavors, 4 for.....	25c
Aylmer Strawberry or Raspberry Jam 4-lb. tin.....	65c	Government Standard Essences, 2 oz. bottle, 20¢, large 5-oz. bottle.....	50c
Nice Mild Cheese per lb.....	20c		

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GENERAL HARDWARE

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"At Home" Postponed.—The "at home" which was to have been held to-morrow afternoon by the Metropolitan Ladies' Aid Society at the parsonage, has been postponed.

W. C. T. U.—Mrs. Gordon Wright, president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union in Canada who is to be the guest of the provincial organization at the coming annual convention will lecture here in the interests of prohibition on May 7 and 8.

Lake Hill Institute.—The monthly meeting of the Lake Hill Women's Institute will take place in the school house on Tuesday, April 18, at 2 o'clock prompt. After the meeting work for the Red Cross will be proceeded with as usual. Ladies of the district are invited to attend.

Kitsilano Inquiry.—Other calls on the time of members of the committee which is investigating the purchase of the Kitsilano Indian reserve prevented them from gathering together to-

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THE 1916 INDIAN Powerplus Model \$365
The supreme achievement of 15 years of endeavor on the part of Indian engineering genius. Call and see this machine to-day if you are interested. Let us tell you about its wonderful new three-speed motor and other sterling qualities. The above price does not include electrical equipment.
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of every article to be purchased. Kirkham's always meets the case by being able to place at your disposal a complete stock of every variety of foodstuffs at prices which none other can quote.

Ginger Snaps, fresh and crisp, 3 lbs.	25c	Choice Apricots 3 lbs.	25c
Fancy Sweet Biscuits, lb.	22c	Shelled Walnuts lb.	39c
Crumpets, fresh daily, dozen	20c	Empress Pure Orange Marmalade, for	65c
Wagstaff's Grapejuice, per bottle, 9c, 23c	43c	Corn Flakes, "Krinkle," per packet	8c
Choice Peaches 3 lbs.	25c	Cream of Wheat, pkg.	19c
		Shredded Wheat, pkg.	12c

SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY

12 Lbs. B. C. GRANULATED SUGAR **99c**
 Delivered only with other goods.

Quaker Peaches, 2 tins	25c	Castile Soap, Lever's pure, for	19c
Climax Pickles, Sweet or Sour, bottle	23c	White Swan Powder, large pkts.	19c
Strawberry or Raspberry Jam, with Apple, 4-lb. pail for	45c	Reception Flour, 49-lb. sack for	\$1.54
Lunch Tongue, tins	19c	Toilet Paper, rolls or flat, 5 for	25c

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Royal Victoria
 FOUR DAYS, COMMENCING TO-NIGHT

Matinee 2-5. Evenings 6.30-11

Elsie Janis
 IN
"'Twas Ever Thus"
 Special To-Night
A Vaudeville

Performance will be given in aid of Red Cross Funds, in addition to the Pictures.

NO RAISE IN PRICES—10c, 15c

Columbia Theatre

\$15 in Gold

Will Be Given Away To-night at 7.30.

Sisters La Vogue
 Classic Dances.
 Three Other Vaudeville Acts.

Charlie Chaplin
 In a Big Three-reel Comedy.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, 2 for 25c.

"AT THE THEATRES"

ROYAL VICTORIA.

Elsie Janis in "'Twas Ever Thus," will be the attraction at the Royal Victoria to-night and for the balance of this week. The story is an unusual one, of which a very careful and artistic adaptation has been made by the director. It has been delicately handled with its human side uppermost. Its best situations have been played upon discreetly, and above all the psychology of the play has been well developed. To-night in addition to this fine feature a splendid programme of vaudeville will be given in aid of the Red Cross. There will be no rise in prices and a full house is expected.

COLUMBIA THEATRE.

Charlie Chaplin was again responsible for a crowded house last night at the Columbia, where he is appearing in a big three-act comedy entitled "Charlie's First Vacation." The vaudeville which is exceptionally good is headed by the Sisters La Vogue, classic dancers, late of the Pickwick Grand Russian Ballet. This act has been featured in some of the largest vaudeville houses in the States. Smith and Williams, billed as "the dancing new-boys," Gene Miller, a very clever acrobat, and the Washington Four, a quartette of harmony singers complete the vaudeville bill. To-night at 7.30 the management will purchase from their patrons two admission tickets, paying for same \$10 and \$5 in gold.

DOMINION THEATRE.

Blanche Sweet, the beautiful Lady star, will be seen at the Dominion for the last time to-night in "The Black List," a thrilling drama by the famous playwrights, Marion Fairfax and Wm. C. De Mille.

A striking contrast of the manhood of the east and of the west is strongly pictured in "Ben Blair," the Pallas production coming to the Dominion theatre this week-end.

In the scene where "Ben," the unpolished westerner, goes to force an issue with Sidwell, the society favorite, who has supplanted him in Florence Winthrop's favor, the two American types are exemplified. Blair finds Sidwell drinking heavily with congenial friends, and on their departure his western blood forces him to say "You're the only obstacle between me and the woman I love. Can you tell me any reason why I shouldn't remove that obstacle." But his western blood also makes him bow to the seeming truth in Sidwell's answer "Yes, a good reason—the loves me and she doesn't love you."

Colder thoughts and memories later make him doubt this statement. He goes to Florence's father with a plan that awakens the ex-plainman's admiration and support and brings this strong western drama to a successful finish.

PANTAGES THEATRE.

A musical comedy that is longer, brighter and funnier than any before presented is at Pantages this week. This is "September Morn," a condensed version of the big original production with none of the sparkle left out. Those who like good light entertainment should not miss this comedy. There are, of course, a number of pretty girls in the piece, and their excellent voices are heard in several ensemble numbers.

Another strong feature of this week's bill is "The Frame-up," a clever playlet, with Miss Ward, a most convincing actress taking a leading role. The play is one of the "crook" variety, which never fails to enchain the attention of an audience, and there is a complete and overwhelming surprise in the last minute of the sketch.

Chabot and Dixon, in a musical variety, have something quite novel and original, while the Bowman Brothers, "the blue-grass boys," are a delight with their mimics and good, clean fun.

The opening-turn of the bill falls to

WOMAN SUFFERAGE.

Its War Time Aspect.

London, Eng. The women of England are doing their duty. They are taking care of the wounded, or if they cannot assist in work of that kind they are adding their savings to promote the good work. They are knitting and sewing for the soldiers at the front. The suffragists have given so little trouble to the government that it will undoubtedly soften the hearts of those in Parliament, since the "millions" have turned all their energies to aid the fighting men of England, and so suffrage may soon come after this terrible war is over.

"Thousands of women in Canada have overcome their sufferings, and have been cured of woman's ills by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This temperance medicine, though started nearly half a century ago, sells most widely to-day, because it is made without alcohol or narcotics. It can now be had in tablet form as well as liquid, and every woman who suffers from backache, headache, nervousness, should take this "Prescription" of Dr. Pierce. It is prepared from nature's roots and herbs and does not contain a particle of alcohol or any narcotic. It's not a secret prescription for its ingredients are printed on wrapper."

Many a woman is nervous and irritable, feels dragged down and worn out for no reason that she can think of. In ninety-nine per cent. of these cases it is the womanly organism that requires attention; the weak back, dizzy spells and black circles about the eyes, are only symptoms. Go to the source of trouble. When that is corrected the other symptoms disappear.

St. Thomas, Ont.—"I wish to say for the benefit of other women who suffer that I recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a great help. I have personally recommended the same to many who in turn have been helped a great deal by it." Mrs. F. J. Bowman, 19 Oliver St., St. Thomas, Ont.

Specials For Baby Week

April 10th to 15th inclusive.

In our shop you will find a very complete stock of

Baby Pins, Child's Caps, Pap Bowls, Lockets, Puff Boxes, Neckties, Baby Spoons, Napkin Rings, Christening Mugs, Table Sets, Bracelets, Food Pushers, Baby Rings, Baby Brushes, Novelities.

Every purchaser during BABY WEEK, April 10th to 15th, will have a chance to win one of the

SPECIAL PRIZES

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the Clairmont Brothers, wonders on the revolving ladder, who present an act that is both skillful and enthralling.

Delicate Young Girls, Pale, Tired Women

There is no beauty in pallor, but proof of plenty of weakness. Exertion makes your heart flutter, your back and limbs ache, and you sadly need something to put some ginger into your system. Try Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they make you feel alive, make you want to do things. They renew and purify the blood—then come strong nerves, rosy cheeks, laughing eyes, robust good health. You'll be helped in a hundred ways by Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which are an old family remedy of great renown. Thousands use no other medicine and never have a day's sickness of any kind. Get a 25c. box to-day. Sold by all dealers.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, April 12—5 a. m.—The barometer is falling on the Coast in advance of an ocean storm area which may cause easterly to southerly gales on the Coast, Straits and Sound. Snow has fallen in Cariboo, and snow and sleet in the southern parts of the prairie provinces.

Forecasts.

For 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Thursday. Victoria, and vicinity—Increasing easterly and southerly winds, unsettled and mild, with rain.

Lower Mainland—Increasing easterly and southerly winds, unsettled and mild, with rain.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.34; temperature, maximum yesterday, 51; minimum, 41; wind, 4 miles S.; weather, cloudy.

Vancouver—Barometer, 30.22; temperature, maximum yesterday, 54; minimum, 40; wind, 8 miles E.; weather, fair.

Entrance—Barometer, 30.21; temperature, maximum yesterday, 51; minimum, 41; wind, 12 miles E.; weather, cloudy.

Kamloops—Barometer, 30.24; temperature, maximum yesterday, 56; minimum, 33; wind, calm; rain, 0.1; weather, clear.

Barkerville—Barometer, 30.20; temperature, maximum yesterday, 36; minimum, 14; wind, calm; snow, 30; weather, clear.

Prince Rupert—Barometer, 29.78; temperature, maximum yesterday, 41; minimum, 40; wind, 10 miles E.; rain, 30; weather, rain.

Tatoush—Barometer, 30.20; temperature, maximum yesterday, 50; minimum, 42; wind, 16 miles S. E.; rain, 0.4; weather, cloudy.

Portland, Ore.—Barometer, 30.2; temperature, maximum yesterday, 56; minimum, 38; wind, 4 miles S. E.; rain, 0.1; weather, clear.

Seattle—Barometer, 30.40; temperature, maximum yesterday, 54; minimum, 40; wind, 4 miles S.; rain, 12; weather, clear.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.36; temperature, maximum yesterday, 61; minimum, 52; wind, 4 miles N. W.; weather, clear.

Temperature.

	Max.	Min.
Prince George	51	31
Penticton	50	30
Cranbrook	50	30
Nelson	50	30
Calgary	50	30
Edmonton	50	30
Qu'Appelle	50	30
Winnipeg	50	30
Toronto	47	27
Ottawa	42	22
Montreal	42	22
St. John	42	22
Halifax	42	22

Victoria Daily Weather.

Observations taken 2 a. m., noon and 5 p. m., Tuesday:

Temperature.

Highest	51
Lowest	42
Average	46
Minimum on grass	39
Maximum in sun	118
Bright sunshine, 11 hours.	
General state of weather, clear.	

June—"I don't see your husband at the club late, Mrs. Brown."

Brown—"No, he stays at home now and enjoys life in his own way as I want him to."

PROVINCIAL CHAPTER MEETING THIS WEEK

Sessions of I. O. D. E. to Be Held on Friday Morning and Afternoon

The Provincial Chapter, Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire in British Columbia, will hold its annual meeting on Friday next, April 14, in the Alexandra Club ballroom. The morning session will commence at 10.30; the afternoon session at 2 o'clock. The standard bearers of all chapters and delegates of Provincial Primary Chapters are asked to assemble at 10 a.m., and at 10.15 will take place the ceremony of the presentation of the flag to the chapter by the president, Mrs. Croft, with a short address by the Very Rev. the Dean of Columbia. The session will open immediately afterwards.

The Municipal Chapter, of Victoria, will entertain the visiting delegates at luncheon. The honorary president, Mrs. Barnard, extends a cordial invitation to all members of the Provincial Chapter to a reception at Government House from 4.30 to 6.30. All members of Municipal Chapters, and all officers of Provincial Primary Chapters are members of the Provincial Chapter and are entitled to vote. The meeting is open to all members of the order who desire to be present and who are interested in the work and growth of the order in the province.

Delegates.

The following are the Provincial Chapter officers:

Mrs. F. S. Barnard, hon. president; Lady McBride and Mrs. Bowser, hon. vice-presidents; Mrs. Henry Croft, president; Lady Tupper, first vice-president; Mrs. Balson, 2nd vice-president; Mrs. Hasell, secretary; Mrs. A. H. McNeill, assistant secretary; Mrs. Neroutson, organizing secretary; Mrs. J. J. Shalcross, standard bearer. Councilors: Mrs. Armour, Mrs. Gatewood, Mrs. Carry, Mrs. J. Hedden Gillespie, Mrs. Tuwiley, Mrs. Boyle, Mrs. David Miller, Mrs. Curtis Sampson, Mrs. Duff Stuart, Mrs. Henderson, Madame Gauvreau, Miss Lowndes, Mrs. Lefevre.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

All personal items sent by mail for publication must be signed with the name and address of the sender.

Wm. Smith, of Port Angeles, is at the Dominion.

W. H. Gahan has left on a visit to San Francisco.

C. C. Hall, of Toronto, is a guest at the Empress hotel.

A. P. Law, of North Battleford, is at the Dominion hotel.

J. B. Keith, of Calgary, is staying at the Dominion hotel.

J. M. Fall, of Sarnia, B. C., is a guest of the Dominion hotel.

W. Hants, of Port William, is a guest of the Dominion hotel.

R. L. Gault, of Red Deer, is registered at the Dominion hotel.

Miss Vivian Lewis, of Port Alberni, is stopping at the Dominion.

F. M. Fenton, of Seattle, arrived at the Empress hotel yesterday.

R. W. Sanderson, of Kamloops, is a new arrival at the Dominion.

C. W. Robson and Mrs. Robson, of Calgary, are at the Dominion.

James D. Stevenson, of Vernon, is staying at the Dominion hotel.

B. P. Sweeney, of New York city, arrived at the Empress hotel yesterday.

Dan Savary is down from Cowichan Lake, and is a guest of the Dominion.

W. L. Harris and F. Wiert, of Port Alberni, are staying at the Dominion hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. MacDonald, of Vancouver, are guests at the Empress hotel.

J. E. Merryfield, of Prince Rupert, registered at the Empress hotel yesterday.

J. R. Agar and son, of New Westminster, are registered at the Dominion.

J. A. Fulton, of North Vancouver, was among yesterday's arrivals at the Dominion.

A. Macneil, of Fernie, is staying at the Empress hotel, where he arrived yesterday.

W. T. Penniman, of Wilmington, Del., registered at the Empress hotel yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. H. Alexander, of Vancouver, arrived at the Empress hotel yesterday.

F. B. Hornbrook, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Duncan, left on

J.D.A. TRIPP

Piano Virtuoso.
 Teacher of piano and coach for vocalists. Studio, 1022 Collinson St. Phone 4032L.

Gordon Sydsale LIMITED

Store Hours: 8.30 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Trimmed Millinery for Every Occasion

\$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00

At the three popular prices we have a display that will appeal to women who seek Hats at modest cost. In the assortments special attention has been given to individual requirements. There are models to suit every taste. Pay a visit to our Millinery Section to-morrow. You will find many styles that will meet with your special favor at \$5.00, \$7.50 and \$10.00.

TREFOUSSE GLOVES FOR EASTER, NONE BETTER

Another Shipment of New York Blouses Just Received

The very latest designs accentuating entirely new effects. These are developed in fine quality crepe de chine and Georgette crepe, in all the newest shades. Some of the models are prettily embroidered. All are exclusive: \$3.50, \$5.75 and \$10.00.

VIEW OUR SPLENDID SHOWING OF SILK AND CLOTH SUITS

755 Yates Street, Victoria Phone 1876
 and 575 Granville St., Vancouver



Monday via the Northern Pacific for San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Abercrombie, of Alameda, Cal., registered at the Empress hotel yesterday.

Mrs. Henniker, wife of Lt.-Col. Henniker, will receive on Friday, April 14, at 112 Cambridge street.

Mrs. John Morse, of Toronto, Mrs. Harton Walker, and Miss Evelyn Walker, are guests at the Empress hotel.

Mrs. Margaret Jenkins has returned to her home here after an enjoyable month's visit with relatives and friends in Seattle.

Mrs. R. Clowes and child, Mrs. G. Roberts and son, Mrs. L. E. Armstrong and son, and Miss D. West left to-day via the Northern Pacific for New York, where they will connect with the steamer New York for England.

A quiet wedding took place in Christ Church cathedral on Monday afternoon

TO HELP WOMEN

After terrible sufferings, numberless women have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and recovered from ailments peculiar to their sex. Many of these, who cannot bear that other women should suffer as they did without knowing what to do, have written letters telling their experience to be published to the world. These honest, helpful stories are constantly appearing in the newspapers. Read them, aiding women, they are written with no motive but your good.



Made in Canada by Canadians.

Equal in quality to the Best the World Produces.

When you purchase silverware remember that the original "Rogers" is identified by the year "1847." There are other "Rogers" and other makes of silverware, but to get the genuine, ask your dealer for

1847 ROGERS BROS.

"Silver Plated that Wins"

STILL URGE NEED OF AMENDMENTS

Conservative Members, Even Minister, Show Defects in Homestead Bill

M. A. MACDONALD ALSO DISCLOSES WEAK POINTS

Nanaimo Bill Has to Be Withdrawn Because of Defects in Its Drafting of It

Legislative Press Gallery, April 11.

Two more government members were heard on the homesteads for soldiers' bill this afternoon and, as was the case yesterday, presented the quite novel spectacle of finding defects in it. One of them was a member of the government, at that.

So far as the debate has gone, following the minister of lands, every member who has spoken has agreed not only in the desirability of providing for the returned soldier upon which point there is no division of opinion in the House—but in the faultiness of the measure. It is true that the opposition members have been more outspoken in the expression of this feeling than those on the government side, but the finding of flaws in it by Conservative members, no matter how gingerly dealt with, is even more significant.

There was again a short sitting today, the reason being the caucus which was held after the House rose. Yesterday's lasted over from the afternoon into the evening, and from all accounts was not at all a satisfactory one from the government standpoint. Neither was that of today, from what can be gathered to-night. The workmen's compensation bill is one of the points of contention, and on it there is sharp conflict of opinion. Compensation in another form is also responsible for division of councils, this time in the matter of prohibition.

It is said that the advocates of compensation are in a majority among government supporters, and that they are holding their own in the demand that if there is to be a wiping out of the liquor business there must be compensation for those whose investments and occupations are abolished. If the premier cannot induce them to see his way, and it is not at all likely, from the attitude of advocates of compensation to whom the Times representative has spoken, then he will be distinctly up against it with his new-made friends of the people's prohibition movement, who understand that he will give them prohibition without anything for the liquor men in it.

Generally speaking, the government's proposed legislation, yet to be brought down, does not meet with the unanimous approval of its supporters in the House. For once, it looks as if this disapproval would manifest itself on the floor of the legislature in an unequivocal way.

Important Measure.

Hon. William Manson described the homesteads bill as an important measure, the first principle of which was the proper treatment of the men who had gone or might go to the front. It was a clear matter of duty, on which members on both sides were in accord, and was therefore nothing for which the government should claim credit.

To do this the bill proposed to take back lands applied for and not paid for, but provided fair treatment for all and disturbed conditions as little as possible. In the past it had been necessary to sell lands in order to secure money from the sale and revenue from the taxation of the lands afterwards. The government now found it had to set these lands aside to provide lands for returned soldiers, and those who would be called on to surrender lands were being dealt with most leniently by the government.

In reply to the opposition contention that the necessity for this step proved the truth of the statement, often made, that all the available agricultural lands have been taken up by speculators, Mr. Manson asserted that there was plenty of land available for settlement.

M. A. Macdonald said there could be no question between the two sides as to the principle of the bill, both as to the desirability of steps to bring about the best solution of the land difficulty and to fulfill the duty of doing something to recompense those who were showing the highest form of patriotism in the cause of empire. That was taken for granted, not only in the discussion of this bill but in everything that came before the House. The ground was thus cleared for a discussion of the bill on its merits.

Undoubtedly the land situation had been the subject of much discussion and a great deal of adverse criticism, chiefly outside the House, since 1909. It would be gathered from the remarks of the minister of lands that the government was not aware of such criticism; that it was not aware that individuals and groups had been obtaining large areas of crown lands and withholding these from settlement and production. As far back as 1908 the matter had been brought to the attention of the House on motion to go into supply in the following resolution, moved by John Oliver and seconded by John M. Yonston: "That this House regrets that the government has not taken effective measures to secure the settlement of our agricultural lands, so as to stop the large drain upon our resources caused by the importation of over four million dollars worth of agricultural

produce annually, and that the government has, on the contrary, allowed large areas of our agricultural lands to pass into the hands of speculators, who hold the same for increased prices and thus prevent the production within the province of the food stuffs now imported."

"Sinning Against Light." That resolution would be quite appropriate to-day. When the minister of lands proposed that a vast estate of a couple of million acres should be reserved from settlement by any but soldiers he was, as the government had been these many years past, sinning against light. To say that the system adopted by the government had not resulted in a retarding of settlement and a chaotic condition went without saying. It was now proposed to make a reservation for soldiers which would increase these chaotic conditions.

Was the government doing the best for the returned soldier in what it proposed? The Imperial, Dominion, and other provincial governments were considering the best means to be taken in this regard but this government assumed to make a final settlement of it now by this act. It was a safe assumption that about twenty per cent. of the men who returned would want to return to or go out on land. Was it the intention to provide for the rest of all returned soldiers a homestead of 160 acres in order that they might have a grant from the crown? If the latter was the plan it was certainly not the best solution of the question what to do with and for the returned soldier.

Was it wise that a great kingdom of two million acres should be held out from settlement and production for the next three years, assuming that it would be another eighteen months before the war would end? It would be the wisest act to reserve enough to meet the needs of about the percentage he had mentioned and throw the rest of the land which would revert to the crown open to the settler generally. It must be apparent that great burdens had been placed upon the people and that further burdens were being proposed by the government, and these could not be borne unless there was some chance of increased prosperity through increased production. Then again, the bill made no provision for the closer settlement which was absolutely necessary if the plan was to work out satisfactorily. The policy of settlement in communities and blocks as suggested by the returned soldiers' aid commission and the agricultural commission must be systematically followed, but this could not be done under this bill, which allowed a soldier to select his land anywhere he liked.

The bill was absolutely unworkable and it should be withdrawn and replaced by a new one which would accomplish the purposes intended. The adjournment of the debate was moved by Ernest Miller (Grand Forks). City of Nanaimo.

The government bill for the grant of certain lands to the city of Nanaimo was withdrawn and a new one substituted for it. This alters the description of the lands which are to be granted upon payment of \$6,000 by the city, and remedies the omission in the bill as first presented of a reference to the grant being subject to the stipulations and agreements contained in a conveyance of July 19, 1915, from the Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Company, Limited, to her late majesty.

The minister of finance introduced a bill to amend the Taxation Act. This appears to have been brought about by the dispute in the matter of the Hoppeword mining claims, now before the mining committee, and makes provision for the disposal of forfeited mineral claims. The gold commissioner for the district is, in any such case, empowered to grant a lease for one year to any person for \$25, and a renewal for a second year at the same sum, but for no longer. No person shall be granted a lease or interest in a lease for more than two claims in the same mining division, and these shall not be transferable. The lessee, for the term of the lease and no longer, shall have the right to mine for everything save coal and petroleum. At any time before the expiry of his lease the lessee may ap-

NAMED IN HONOR OF PRIME MINISTER



Seen from G.T.P. Line

The Geographic Board of Canada has just adopted the name "Sir Robert," in honor of Sir Robert Borden, to be applied to the beautiful snow-capped peak above. On the flank of the mountain is a great glacier and this has been named "Borden Glacier."

This noble mountain, whose glittering snow-capped crest rises sharply to a height of between eight and nine thousand feet, is situated 120 miles east of Prince Rupert, to the south of the

Skeena river, and some miles southeast from Doreen station on the Grand Trunk Pacific line, and is in the heart of the British Columbia Coast Range. Even on the route of the Grand Trunk Pacific, famous for its mountain peaks, there are few more beautiful peaks than the newly named "Sir Robert," and while the pointed peak in itself is considered one of the most graceful and dignified in the neighborhood, the huge glacier, fully a mile in width, lends it additional beauty and interest. (This series of mass of frozen

snow, and ice accumulating rocks, stones and earth as it moves slowly, inch by inch, down the side of the mountain—apparently is drained by a winding mountain stream which empties into the Skeena, and the great sweeping bend of this river, seen in the foreground of the picture, with a fine stretch of the track, indicates the view to be obtained from the railway line. Travellers on the Grand Trunk Pacific get the best view of this lovely peak when two miles west of Doreen station.

ply for a crown grant for the claim upon payment of all taxes, costs and interest which remained due at the time of forfeiture.

In the matter of the Nans and Skeena Rivers Railway Act, 1911, Bill, regarding which the member for Newcastle raised the point of order that as the company had never complied with the requirements of its charter and therefore was not in a position to come to the House for any legislation, the speaker ruled that this was a point of law upon which he could not be asked to decide, and that as it had complied with all the rules of the House in regard to this bill the bill must be held to be properly before the legislature. The bill was accordingly read a third time. It was in charge of Ernest Miller.

Questions Answered.

Mr. Brewster asked the minister of finance the following questions:

1. Have any of the sub-contractors employed upon the construction of the Pacific Great Eastern railway been paid in full by the principal contractor?

2. If any of the sub-contractors have not been paid in full, what was the reason, in each case, for non-payment?

3. What is the amount owing, or claimed, in each case?

Hon. Mr. Campbell replied as follows: "1. The principal contractor states that all sub-contractors have been paid in full."

"2. Answered by No. 1."

"3. Answered by No. 1."

Mr. Macdonald asked the minister of finance the following questions:

1. Have any moneys been paid to the Hon. J. H. Turner on account of the sum of \$5,000 to be paid to him on the first day of December, 1915, as per order in council dated 15th day of December, 1915?

2. If any moneys have been paid on said account, what was the amount paid, and the date of payment?

Hon. Mr. Campbell replied as follows: "1. No."

"2. Answered by No. 1."

Mr. Macdonald asked the minister of railways:

1. If none of the capital stock of the Pacific Great Eastern Railway Company has been sold (as per answer to question on Monday week last), under what authority is the railway company doing business?

2. If none of the capital stock of the Pacific Great Eastern Railway Company has been sold, under what authority are J. W. Stewart, D'Arcy Tate, Timothy Foley, E. F. White, and Frederick Wilson acting as directors?

Hon. Mr. Taylor replied as follows: "In connection with the inception and organization of the Pacific Great Eastern Railway Company all statutory requirements were complied with."

Amongst others the provisions of section 22 of chapter 36 of the statutes of 1912. These matters were investigated by the attorney general's department before the guarantee was delivered to the company, and again investigated by the English solicitors of the house of Brown, Shipley & Co. before paying over the money for the bonds sold."

"2. The stock of the Pacific Great Eastern Railway Company is held as follows: Elm of Foley Bros., Welch & Stewart, 146,750 shares; D'Arcy Tate, 62,400 shares; Timothy Foley, 240 shares; J. W. Stewart, 240 shares; Welch, 240 shares; F. Wilson, 20 shares; E. F. White, 20 shares. Having complied with the provisions of section 22 of chapter 36, the above-named shareholders are qualified to do business on behalf of the company."

THE CAUSE OF ANAEMIA

It is universally known that iron is a very important element of the blood, and lack of it is the direct cause of run-down conditions and anaemia. It may interest our readers to know that Druggist D. E. Campbell, of this town, has in Vinol a reliable, constitutional remedy for such conditions. Vinol supplies iron to the blood in its most soluble state, then there is the nourishing properties of beef peptone, the medicinal curative extractives of fresh cod livers, without oil, all dissolved in a pure native tonic wine. That's what makes Vinol so successful in overcoming run-down and anaemic conditions.

Phoenix Beer—2 qts. for 25c



When Work Drags

Just reach for your package of WRIGLEY'S—and take a fresh start!

It will soothe and cool your mouth and throat, quench your thirst, steady your stomach and nerves, help your appetite and digestion.

It is pleasant, beneficial and economical—an ever-ready friend to thirsty, tired, nervous people.

Two delicious, long-lasting flavors. Every package waxed-wrapped and sealed against all impurity.



MADE IN CANADA



Write Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co., Ltd., Wrigley Bldg., Toronto, for "Wrigley's Mother Goose" book, in colors, for the kiddies.

C-94

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE REPORTS FOR MARCH

Statistics for Year Also Given in Port Missionary's Statement

The following are the statistics for the Connaught Seamen's Institute for March, according to the report of the port missionary, T. Wright Hill, for the period ending March 31, 1916:

Number of seamen signing visitors' book, 8; their visits recorded, 61; distressed seamen relieved, 1; free beds, 31; free meals, 3; seamen clothed, 2; letters received, 24; letters written, 14; visits to vessels, 4; to hospitals, 35; to sick sailors, 35; to sailors' homes, 12; docks, 8; naval dockyard, 5; breakwater, 4; services held at the Old Men's Home, 4; Royal Jubilee hospital, 4; churches, 2; tracts distributed, 8; portions of God's Word, 1; visits to sick soldiers, number not recorded.

The work of the institute has lain chiefly in the hospitals, among the sick sailors and soldiers. There are six hospitals on the list—the Royal Jubilee, the St. Joseph's, the Sick Bay in the dockyard, Convalescent hospital, Work Point barracks, and the Stadacona hospital. There have been several serious accidents during the month, but the cases are all doing well.

The Rev. F. H. Fox having been sick during the month, the port missionary has assisted in conducting services at the Royal Jubilee hospital and at the Aged Ladies' Home.

Arrangements are being made with the various churches for the Sailors' Sunday to be held on Sunday, May 7, 1916.

The resignation of the Rev. W. E. Mathews as general secretary of the British and Foreign Sailors' Society, London, England, of which the institute in Victoria is a branch, is reported. A retrospective view of what has been accomplished in the year just closed shows statistics as follows: Sailors and soldiers signing book, 440; their visits recorded, 2,719; distressed

LAST FEW DAYS

To obtain tickets in the

RAFFLE

for those two beautiful SUPERFLUITIES

THE YACHT "TANNIS" AND THE ELECTRIC CAR

Will be raffled on Saturday evening, April 15, at the Royal Victoria Theatre.

TANNIS TICKETS, \$1. ELECTRIC CAR, 20c

(Including two matinee tickets to the Royal Victoria Theatre)

These tickets are obtainable at the Superfluties Shop and at most of the principal stores in town.

"Canadian Red Cross Society"

Seamen relieved, 36; free beds, 524; free meals, 135; seamen clothed, 5; letters received and written, 581; situations obtained, 21; port missionary's visits to vessels, 71; to hospitals, 172; to sick sailors, 263; sick soldiers, not recorded; sailors' homes, 97; dockyard and breakwater, 58; services held, 72; portions of God's Word and tracts distributed, 439; parcels of magazines sent on outgoing vessels, 33; pledges taken, 1.

We Deliver Immediately—Anywhere
Phone your order to
4253
THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.
WINE DEPARTMENT
1221 Douglas St. Open 10:30 a.m.

ADVERTISE IN THE TIMES

Cuticura

For The Skin

The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal

These fragrant, super-creamy emollients stop itching, clear the skin of pimples, blotches, redness and roughness, the scalp of itching and dandruff, and the hands of chaps and sores.

Sample Each Free by Mail With 22-p. Skin Book. Address postcard, "Cuticura, Dept. 3M, Boston, U.S.A." Sold throughout the world.

DO YOU WANT

A Lovely Home
In Oak Bay

Close to car, sea and golf links? We have an eight roomed house with every convenience, substantially built and well finished, which the owner will sell at a

BIG SACRIFICE

Panelled walls in dining room, drawing room and hall, fireplace, built-in features, beamed ceilings, large bathroom, 2 sleeping porches, wide veranda, full basement, etc.

LARGE LOT (50 X 205)

Large oak trees.

Property has all the advantages of a corner lot and no extra taxes. Has cost the owner over \$2,500, house is practically new. Price reduced for a quick sale to

ONLY \$5,000, TERMS

Owner has good reasons for selling. We cannot give all particulars in this ad. Call and let us show you the property.

SWINERTON &
MUSGRAVE

Agents

Winch Bldg., 640 Fort St.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Vancouver, B. C., April 11.—Sailed: Str Atlas, for San Francisco; str Whangape, for Powell River, B. C.

Powell River, B. C., April 11.—Arrived: Str Whangape, from Sydney, N. S. W., via San Francisco and Vancouver, B. C.

Seattle, April 11.—Str Lakme, San Francisco, towing str Bee, returning from sea in distress; str Governor, San Diego, via San Francisco and Victoria, B. C.; str Col. E. L. Drake, San Francisco; str Wasp, Mukitico; str Titan, Vancouver, B. C., via Comox, B. C.; str Henriette, British Columbia ports. Sailed: Str Al-Kl, Southeastern Alaska; str Col. E. L. Drake, San Francisco; str E. R. Sterling, Sydney, N. S. W., in tow of tug Wanderer; str Queen, San Diego, via San Francisco; str Santa Ana, Port Blakely, noon; str Governor, Vancouver, B. C., via Tacoma; U. S. C. G. Unalga, Puget Sound navy yard.

Manila, April 11.—Arrived: Str Yonan Maru, from Seattle, via Vladivostok.

Shanghai, April 11.—Arrived: Str Persia Maru, from San Francisco.

Montevideo, April 10.—Arrived: Str Wascana, from Portland, Ore.

Hongkong, April 10.—Sailed: Str Hawaii Maru, for Seattle.

CAMOSUN WILL GO
ON RUN NEXT WEEK

Steamer Now Being Repaired at Esquimalt; Will Sail Every Wednesday

The Union Steamship Company's steamer Camosun will take her place on the northern run a week from today, April 19, when she will sail at 11 p.m. for Rivers Inlet, Ocean Falls and Bella Cooia.

The Camosun is now in the hands of Yarrows Ltd., at Esquimalt, that firm having been awarded the contract to repair the steamer after she stranded in the north early last month. The contract called for the completion of the work in 23 days, and it is expected she will leave the ways next Monday. The Camosun struck on a reef off Digby Island early in the morning of March 7, and as she went on at high tide it was not thought she could be floated for more than two weeks. The B. C. Salvage Company sent the steamer Salvor to the scene, and preparations were made to get the Camosun off the rocks. Ten days after she struck Capt. Logan, of the salvage company, took advantage of a heavy sea which set in and succeeded in floating the steamer about a week earlier than had been expected. The Camosun then came south, and the contract having been let to Yarrows Ltd., she proceeded to Esquimalt where the repairs are being carried out. The contract price was \$15,500, and the works include the renewing and fairing of a number of plates, repairing the tank top plates and stokehold bulkhead, renewing the keel for about 40 feet, installing a new propeller and overhauling the engines.

When the steamer takes up her schedule she will sail from here every Wednesday at 11 p.m. The steamer Chelohsin, which has been taking the Wednesday runs to Rivers Inlet, Ocean Falls and Bella Cooia; will then be operated on the G. T. P. schedule, leaving here every Friday morning at 10 o'clock for Prince Rupert and Granby Bay via Vancouver. She will arrive at Prince Rupert on Sunday afternoons and at Granby Bay on Monday mornings. On the southbound trip she will leave Prince Rupert at 7 p.m. on Mondays.

By the schedule to be inaugurated next week the Union Steamship Company will have two steamers leaving here every week.

YOKOHAMA MARU WILL
BE IN EARLY FRIDAY

Liner Will Be Too Late to Pass William Head Tomorrow Night

According to advices received by W. R. Dale, agent of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, the liner Yokohama Maru will arrive at William Head at 10 o'clock tomorrow night. The steamer will be too late to receive pratique and will have to remain at the quarantine station over night. After being passed by the officials she will proceed to the outer wharf, where she will berth early in the morning.

The liner has a total of 375 passengers, forty-two of whom will land here. She has 552 tons of freight for this port. For the Sound the steamer has 5,750 tons of cargo, including 1,100 packages of raw silk valued at \$550,000.

TRAVEL HEAVY TO
NORTHERN POINTS

Many Already Are Leaving and Advance Bookings Are Showing Up Well

Although the Alaskan tourist season will not open for some time to come, travel has already assumed large proportions and indications are that this summer will witness a very marked increase in the number of passengers going to the north. At this time of the year many residents of northern points return to their homes after spending the winter in the south, and in addition employees of various plants are on their way to prepare for the season's operations.

On the last two trips north the G. T. P. has carried a large number of passengers and this week's steamer for Alaska is fully booked.

Many who intend to take advantage of the summer excursions also are making reservations, and the July bookings are well advanced.

UNBUILT SHIP IS
SOLD AT AUCTION

Steamer Which Will Be Constructed at Seattle Disposed of for \$600,000

Although the keel will not be laid for some time, one of the three 7,500-ton steel steamships to be built by the Seattle Construction & Drydock Co., of Seattle, for Atlantic coast and Danish interests, was sold for \$600,000 in New York at the first ship auction ever held in the United States. The Seattle plant is to have the vessel ready for delivery in July, 1917.

The contract for the vessel in question was placed with the Seattle Construction & Drydock Co. the middle of last winter by Christopher Hannevig, of Hannevig & Johnson, ship brokers, of New York. It is understood that the contract was bid in at the ship auction by Morris Frankel, in behalf of the Universal Transportation Co.

The two other 7,500-ton steamships to be built by the Seattle Construction & Drydock Co. were ordered by Anderson & Co., of Copenhagen, Denmark. The sale of the Hannevig vessel was in the nature of a transfer of contract.

Prior to the war \$200,000 would have been a stiff price for a steamship of her dimensions and tonnage.

ANTIOPE TO CARRY GRAIN.

The well-known British barque Antiope, which was sold some time ago to New Zealand interests to be converted into a hulk, will again sail the high seas as a cargo carrier. After being given a thorough overhaul, she recently left Wellington for Kaipara to load lumber for Melbourne. It is now reported the vessel may be taken over by the Commonwealth authorities to carry wheat to the United Kingdom.

MAKURA FOR AUSTRALIA.

The Canadian-Australian liner Makura, Capt. Phillips, will call here tonight for passengers and mail and will sail for Australia about 5.30.

CHELOHSIN OUT TONIGHT.

The Union Steamship Company's steamer Chelohsin arrived from the north this morning and will sail at 11 p.m. via Vancouver.

CHANGING COLOR
OF COAST LIGHTS

Department of Marine Will Revert to Old System; Notice to Mariners

The notice to mariners just issued by the department of marine announces that the change in light, which was decided upon recently, will be carried into effect as occasion offers on or about May 1. As previously mentioned, the question of changing the color of gas beacon lights and gas buoy lights was one of the matters taken up with the authorities at Ottawa by Capt. G. L. Robertson, agent of marine here, when he visited Ottawa two months ago. Some time ago an effort was made to have a uniform system of lights throughout Canada, and a system of red and white lights as used with success on the St. Lawrence was put into effect on the British Columbia coast. This change did not meet with the approval of mariners, and it was decided to revert to the old system. The changes will now be made as quickly as possible. In addition to the changing of lights, all unlighted buoys will be marked on the supposition that the tides in British Columbia waters run from the south to the north. The reason for this is that the tides break in different directions in various parts along the coast, and to avoid confusion in placing the lights they are to be considered as running in one direction. As a case in point the color of the buoy on Siwash rock, Johnstone Straits, will be changed from black to red. The notice to mariners announcing the changes follows:

Date of alterations.—The changes in the lights will be made as occasion offers on or about May 1, 1916, without further notice.

Alterations.—The characteristic of the lights shown from all the under-mentioned gas-lighted beacons and gas buoys will be changed from occulting red to occulting white:

Name	Admiralty Number
Kyuquot Channel gas and	
whistling buoy	717
San Jose Islets beacon	592
Canoe Rock beacon	2447
Helen Point beacon	3529
Walker Rock beacon	3519
Grey Point gas and bell buoy	922
West Rocks beacon	2512
Rebecca Rock beacon	550
Reef Point gas and bell buoy	580
Griffiths Island beacon	3289
Craigoff Island beacon	3287
Haddington Reef gas buoy	3417
Noble Islets beacon	2450
Zero Rock beacon	2448
Fog Rocks beacon	1923B
Camp Island beacon	2448
Boat Bluff beacon	1462
Kluwungat beacon	2189
Watson Rock beacon	2453

Vancouver Island—Juan de Fuca Strait—Port San Juan—Change in Color of Gas and Whistling Buoy.

Former notices.—No. 125 (315) of 1906; and No. 143 (604) of 1914. Position.—At entrance to Port San Juan. Lat. N. 48 deg. 31 min. 35 sec. Long. W. 124 deg. 30 min. 8 sec. Date.—About May 1, 1916, without further notice. New color.—The gas buoy will be painted in black and white vertical stripes.

Strait of Georgia—Sandheads of Fraser River—Roberts Bank—Change in Character of Buoy.

Position.—In about 29 fathoms off the entrance to Canoe Pass and near the edge of Roberts Bank. Lat. N. 49 deg. 2 min. 4 sec. Long. W. 123 deg. 35 min. 15 sec. Date of alteration.—About May 1, 1916, without further notice. Alteration.—The black steel can buoy will be replaced by a steel conical buoy, painted red.

Johnstone Strait—Siwash Rock—Change in Color of Buoy.

Former notices.—No. 125 (315) of 1906; and No. 143 (604) of 1914. Position.—Off Siwash Rock, south of Turn Island. Lat. N. 50 deg. 20 min. 25 sec. Long. W. 125 deg. 28 min. 35 sec. Date.—About May 1, 1916, without further notice. Change in color of buoy.—The color of the spar buoy will be changed from black to red. Broughton Strait—Neill Lodge—Change in Color of Buoy.

Position.—On the northeast side of Neill Lodge. Lat. N. 50 deg. 35 min. 27 sec. Long. W. 127 deg. 2 min. 49 sec. Date.—About May 1, 1916, without further notice. Change in color of buoy.—The color of the buoy will be changed from red to black.

WIRELESS REPORT

April 12, 8 a.m.

Point Grey—Misty, rain, calm; 30.30; 40; thick seaward.
Cape Lazo—Rain; S. E.; 30.25; 43; sea rough.
Pachena—Rain; S. E., strong; 30.25; 42; sea rough.
Estevan—Rain; S. E., strong; 29.55; 44; sea rough.
Alert Bay—Rain; S. E., strong; 29.90; 40; sea moderate. Str. Prince Albert, ahead, 9 p.m., southbound.
Triangle—Rain; S. E., gale; 29.96; 41; sea rough.
Dead Tree Point—Rain; S. E., gale; 29.50; 40; sea rough.
Ikeda—Rain; S. E., strong; 29.34; 40; heavy swell.
Prince Rupert—Rain; S. E., gale; 29.44; 55; sea rough. Spoke str. Admiral Evans 5.30 a.m., due Ketchikan noon, southbound.
Moon.
Point Grey—Overcast; calm; 30.34; 44; thick seaward.
Cape Lazo—Rain; S. E.; 30.25; 43; sea rough.
Pachena—Rain; S. E., strong; 30.25; 44; sea rough.
Estevan—Rain; S. E., strong; 29.93; 45; sea rough.
Alert Bay—Rain; S. E., strong; 29.88; 42; sea moderate.
Triangle—Rain; S. E., gale; 29.91; 43; sea rough. Spoke str. Spokane, Millbank Sound, southbound, 9.30 a.m.
Dead Tree Point—Rain; S. E., strong; 29.52; 44; sea rough.
Ikeda—Rain; S. E., strong; 29.32; 50; sea rough.
Prince Rupert—Rain; S. E., gale; 29.39; 36; sea rough.

TRANSPORTATION

NEW SERVICE TO

ALASKA

WEEKLY SAILINGS

Leave Victoria every Tuesday at 10 a.m., via Prince Rupert, for Ketchikan, Wrangell, Juneau, Skagway, connecting with the White Pass and Yukon Railway.

Steamer Connects at PRINCE RUPERT WITH

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY

For Prince George, Edmonton, Winnipeg, St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Buffalo, Toronto, Montreal, Boston, New York and all points east via

CANADIAN ROCKIES

Electric Lighted Standard and Tourist Sleepers, Dining and Observation Parlor Cars.

C. F. Earle, City Passenger and Ticket Agent Phone 1242
900 Wharf Street

Transcontinental
Train Service

VANCOUVER MONTREAL TORONTO

Imperial Limited Train No. 3, leaves Vancouver 8 p.m. daily for Montreal, carries electric lighted compartment cars, Standard and Tourist Sleepers and through Dining Cars.

Trans-Canada Limited Train No. 4, leaves Vancouver 9 a.m. daily for Toronto, carries electric lighted compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleepers and through Dining Cars.

For Sleeping Car reservations and any further information, write or call upon

Canadian Pacific Railway

Phone 174 1102 Government Street



THE BEST

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BY THE MOST DESIRABLE LINES—offering the maximum of comfort at the most moderate rates obtainable.

PERMIT US TO SUGGEST how you can GET THE BEST VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY on your trip home and advise you as to passports, etc.

LATEST SAILINGS on ALL ATLANTIC LINES upon application. No trouble to give information.

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CHICAGO MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY



Through Steamers

TO SAN FRANCISCO

LOS ANGELES, SAN DIEGO

Leave Victoria Fridays 5 p.m. S.S. President or Governor. Leave Seattle Tuesdays, 11 a.m. S.S. Congress or Queen.

Largest, finest passenger steamers

TO ALASKA

S.S. Spokane or City of Seattle, leaves Seattle April 14, 12 p.m., calling at Prince Rupert, Ketchikan, Wrangell, Juneau and Skagway.

For particulars call on

R. P. Rither & Co., Ltd., 1117 Wharf St.

J. G. THOMSON

1003 Government Street

MOVEMENTS OF LINERS.

The American line steamer Philadelphia, which sailed from New York at noon Saturday, March 25, with 150 first, 161 second and 142 third-class passengers, arrived in Liverpool at 1 a.m. on Monday, April 3.

The American line steamer St. Louis, which sailed from New York at noon on April 1, with a large list of passengers, arrived in Liverpool on April 2.

The American line steamship Finland sailed from New York at noon on Wednesday, April 5, with 97 first, 82 second and 101 third-class passengers, and is due to arrive at Liverpool tomorrow.

The American line steamer St. Paul sailed from Liverpool at 5 p.m. on Wednesday, April 5, with 188 first, 300 second and 200 third-class passengers, and is due to arrive at New York tomorrow.

WILL LOAD ON SOUND.

The Japanese steamer Yonan Maru, which has been chartered for two additional voyages in the trans-Pacific trade by Waterhouse & Co., has arrived at Manila, from Seattle, via Vladivostok. She is due back on the Sound next month with 5,000 tons of freight, and will immediately load for the Orient.

SAILS FROM HONGKONG.

The Osaka Shosen Kaisha liner Hawaii Maru is reported to have sailed from Hongkong yesterday, one day behind schedule. She is due to arrive here on May 10.

"The Trade Mark Tells the Story."



THOS. COOK & SON

1003 Government Street, Victoria

Day Steamer to
Seattle

THE S.S. "SOL DUC"

Leaves C. F. R. wharf daily except Sunday at 11.30 a.m. for Port Angeles, Dungeness, Port Williams, Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving Seattle 8.30 p.m. Returning, leaves Seattle daily except Saturday at midnight, arriving Victoria 8.00 a.m. Secure information and tickets from

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent, 224 Government St. Phone 68

The Union Steamship Co.
of B. C. Ltd.

SAILINGS TO NORTHERN B. C. PORTS.

S. S. "VENTURE"

Leaves Vancouver every Friday at 9 p.m. for Prince Rupert, Skeena and Nass River canneries.

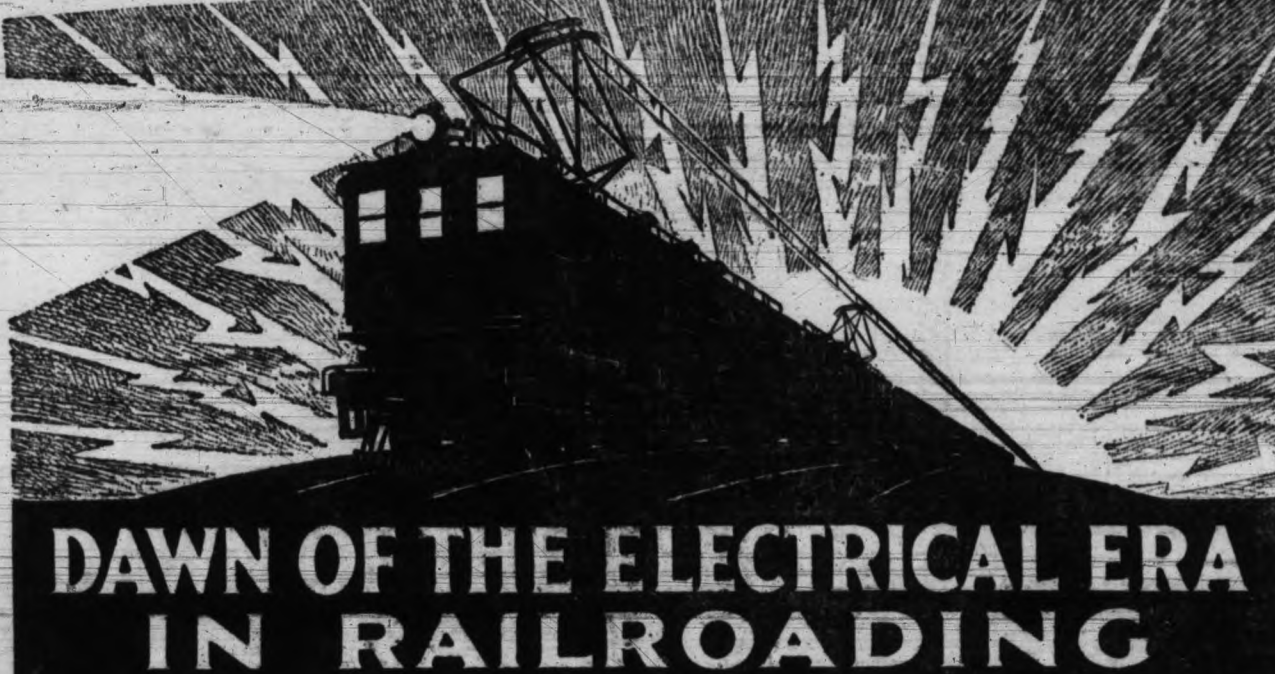
S. S. "CHELOHSIN"

Leaves Victoria every Wednesday at 11 p.m. and Vancouver every Thursday at 5 p.m. for Rivers Inlet, Ocean Falls and Bella Cooia.

S. S. "PRINCE ALBERT"

Leaves Vancouver March 12 and 20, and fortnightly thereafter, for Prince Rupert, Stewart and Queen Charlotte Islands.

GEO. McGRIGOR, Agent, 1003 Government St. Phone 1925

DAWN OF THE ELECTRICAL ERA
IN RAILROADINGThe All-Steel "Olympian" and "Columbian" Trains Now
Operated Electrically Over the Rocky Mountains

Progress has no age. Onward is ever the slogan of railway construction, operation and efficiency. In this forward movement electricity challenges the supremacy of steam, and on the Scroll of time the year 1916 marks the dawn of the electrical era in railroading—and the accomplishment of a definite step to conserve the world's energies. It is particularly fitting that the "Milwaukee," which since its inception has been identified with great pioneering achievements, should have been able to carry through to definite accomplishment the dream and aspirations of engineers and scientists by the electrification of 440 miles of its main line through a region demanding the utmost of energy and efficiency in locomotives.

440 Miles of Main Line Electrified

The electrified district is that of the Great Continental Divide, extending from Avery, Idaho, to Harlowton, Mont., a distance of 440 miles. (115 miles from Deer Lodge to Three Forks, now in operation.)

World's Mightiest Locomotives

The electric locomotives which pull "The Olympian" and "The Columbian" over the mountain divisions are the most powerful built. They are 112 feet long and weigh 284 tons. They require no coal or water, run at an even speed, are thoroughly dependable in all temperatures, take the heaviest grades with comparative ease, are smokeless and dustless.

Power from Mountain Streams

The power used to operate the electric locomotives is obtained from mountain waterfalls instead of from coal—marking a definite step to conserve the world's resources. This power in 100,000 volts alternating current, is delivered to the 14 sub-stations of the railway and there transformed to 3,000 volts direct—the

current used by the locomotives. This is the highest voltage direct current adapted for railway work in the world.

Regenerative Braking

One of the scientific marvels is regenerative braking, by which the train on down grades, instead of consuming electricity, actually produces it while traveling onward, and by which at the same time, the speed of the train is kept under perfect control. This is the first use of direct current regenerative braking. It provides maximum safety, eliminates wheel, brakeshoe and track wear and overheating, insures a uniform speed and recovers from 25% to 52% of power.

More Efficient Operation

With electrification has come more efficient and economical operation; a better maintenance of schedule; the practical elimination of delays due to weather conditions; smoother riding caused by greater evenness of speed; enhanced comfort due to greater cleanliness, and a pronounced improvement of the view from car window and observation platform, owing to freedom from smoke and cinders.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

The advantages of electrification, added to the superb equipment and luxurious appointments of "The Olympian" and "The Columbian," the renowned personal service of the employees, the splendid physical condition of the road and the extent and variety of the scenery makes the "Milwaukee" more than ever the road of efficiency, comfort and charm. Remember this fact when planning your next trip to the East. Booklet giving complete information free on request.

Phone 2821

J. G. THOMSON, Commercial Agent, 1003 Government St., Victoria

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The demand for Caps at this store is being filled with some of the smartest, best quality Caps we have ever stocked.

The newest English and Canadian styles are included in our display and in every case the values are excellent.

Caps, fine Canadian tweeds in large and medium shapes. Only **50c**

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English Caps, by the famous Cap makers, Tréss & Co. and O'Connell & Co. The shapes and shades comprise some of the smartest effects we have ever imported. **\$2.00 and \$2.50**

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MOVING PICTURE FILMS OF RECENT BIG-FIGHT

Warrants Out for Arrest of Men Alleged to Have Violated Customs Law

New York, April 12.—Warrants for the arrest of six of the seven alleged to have participated in a recent fight to bring pictures of the Willard-Hughes fight into this country by rephotographing moving picture films across the Canadian border, are in the possession of the United States district attorney here.

Of those accused of an attempt to violate the customs law by a new method, six are New York men and one is a Canadian. The indictments were returned by the federal grand jury at New York, N. Y. The indicted New Yorkers are Harold T. Edwards, a writer; Isaac C. V. Ulman, manager of the Duplex Film Company; Harry A. Shesbee, a cinematograph operator; James J. Johnston, manager of an amusement enterprise; Lawrence M. McGuire, president of the New York real estate board; and W. V. Brymer. The Canadian named in the indictment is J. J. Orkney. It is charged that the men attempted to evade the law prohibiting the importation of prize fight pictures by setting up a booth on the Canadian border at Rouse's point, N. Y., and rephotographing the fight films across the border, thus avoiding actual shipment across the line of the films in Havana.

The new films so made were brought to New York and shown in a private exhibition. The expedient caused much comment in moving picture and sporting circles and the outcome of the government's attempt to punish the men concerned in it is awaited with unusual interest.

It is announced that customs officials virtually have decided to seize new pictures on the ground the intent of the law can not be defeated by such a process.

Carnegie's Swedish Porter

Contains the life-sustaining properties of pure malt and hops.

Taken with the mid-day and evening meals, it constitutes a real aid to digestion.

Creates energy and vim, and is specially helpful in combating body and nerve depression.

Is without a rival in flavor and palatableness; an ideal beverage for family use.

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VICTORIA

VANCOUVER, B. C.

SPORTING NEWS

FRED McCULLOCH HAS JOINED THE COLORS IDEAL WEATHER PREVAILS ALL THROUGH CIRCUIT FOR OPENERS

Former Victoria Goal-Tender Now With Regina Unit; Other Athletes Enlist

Fred McCulloch, the popular Regina boy who tended goal for the Victoria professional hockey team under Lester Patrick last winter has joined the 1916 Battalion of Regina. McCulloch formerly tended goal for the Regina Vics, when the latter team relieved the Winnipeg Monarchs of the Allan cup. Fred then received an attractive offer from Lester Patrick, graduated into the professional ranks, and easily made good. He is but a youngster, and gives promise of developing into one of the greatest net guardians in the game. His host of local friends will follow his military career with keen interest. Local hockey enthusiasts who have seen Fred blocking the puck are confident that with a few more like himself there will be a strong enough defence to hold



FRED McCULLOCH

a line against the Huns at any odds. Immediately after the P.C.H.A. season Fred and his wife retired to Regina to take up their residence.

Other Athletics Enlist.

One of the most recent enlistments of Ottawa athletes is that of Gordon Johnston, the well-known Ottawa swimmer, paddler, football and hockey player. Johnston has taken out a commission as lieutenant in the 26th Sportsman's Battalion, under Lt.-Col. C. W. McLean. Johnston's activities in the sporting world are well known. He helped the Canadian 100 yards swimming championship and competed at the Olympic games. He played football with the Ottawa Football Club for many seasons, and was with the Cliffside Hockey Club of the old Interprovincial league. In addition to this he captained the Ottawa Canoe Club, and was a member of that aquatic organization for a number of years.

Many prominent Ottawa athletes are with the 26th, and more are expected to join. Bill Tobin, who played goal for the champion New Edinburgh Hockey Club this year, is acting bugle sergeant, and Dick Seed, who played lacrosse in the old city league with Nationals, Shamrocks, Stars and Ottawas, is also a member of the battalion.

WESTMINSTER FAVORS INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

New Westminster, April 12.—The New Westminster "senior amateur" lacrosse team, world's amateur champions, have placed themselves on record as in favor of forming a Pacific Coast Lacrosse Association to embrace New Westminster, Seattle, Portland, Vancouver and Victoria.

Portland has already formed a league and should be able to field a pretty strong team, and although nothing definite has been heard for the past week from Seattle as to the plans of the lacrosse boosters in that city it is understood that when the Pacific Coast Lacrosse Association is under way Seattle will be in line with a team.

New Westminster is heartily in favor of a Coast Lacrosse Association and is already in touch with Portland to put forward the initial plans toward forming the larger body. Should the plans for a Coast association go through the Vancouver Amateur Lacrosse Association will no doubt put a team in the Coast body to compete for the Mann cup. Victoria has, so far, not been heard from in regard to entering the Coast organization.

CRICKET MEETING.

An important meeting of the Victoria and District Cricket League will be held to-night in Christ Church cathedral schoolroom, when the schedule for the John Virtue Cup series will be adopted. It is urgent that every club desiring to enter this competition be represented by a delegate at to-night's gathering. The meeting commences at 8 o'clock prompt.

Every year the king of Siam sends a contingent of Siamese scholars to England to be educated at his expense.

Two Major Leagues Start Off on Long Grind To-day; Boston Games May Be Postponed; the Forecast

New York, April 12.—With clear and fair weather reported from seven of the eight major league cities, the opening games of the baseball season to-day probably will attract big attendances. The American League's initial contest at Boston may have to be postponed, but that is the only city in either league where inclement weather conditions prevail. In the National League Boston will play at Brooklyn; New York at Philadelphia, Chicago at Cincinnati, and Pittsburgh at St. Louis. Detroit will open at Chicago in the American League. St. Louis at Cleveland, Philadelphia at Boston, and Washington at New York.

A number of former big league stars who have lost their lot with the Federals will again be seen on major league teams. In the American League Lee Magee, "Germany" Schaefer, Culp and Gedeon will wear New York uniforms, while Crandall, Deal, Hartley, Chapman, Plank, Groom and Borton will play for St. Louis.

Under the management of Joe Tinker the following players will wear Chicago National uniforms: Yerkes, Hendrix, Seaton, Zwillinger, Zeider. The New York Giants will show Benny Kauff, Rousch, Rariden and Anderson on the roster. Hal Chase, a former American League star, will play third base for the New York Americans, while Tris Speaker, long a member of the Boston Red Sox, will play with Cleveland.

The National League. In the National League they are willing to lay 11-5 against the Braves, which means that the Braves are figured with a 31 per cent. chance to finish first.

The Braves were picked first for three seasons—Stallings, the pitching strength and the infield.

Brooklyn and Philadelphia are rated neck and neck. They are laying 3 to 1 against either to finish first and even money against either finishing second.

Giants and Cubs.

Four to one is offered against the Giants, despite the acquisition of Kauff, Rousch, Rariden and Anderson. The Giants are rated uncertain quantities on account of the pitching staff more than anything else, for this part of the club is an unknown quantity. And here is the feeling, too, that, like other flag-winners who have slumped, the Giants have lost their ancient peg and will not be inclined to make the old drive for the top.

The Cubs are the main surprise in this odds, for they are laying 10 to 1. Tinker's club doesn't win out and even money that it doesn't finish in the first division. Reds, Cardinals and Pirates are figured out of it, with only a bleak chance to win.

American League.

The Red Sox are rated stouter favorites in the American League than the Braves are in the National. The wonderful pitching power of Lannin's club, plus the unusual outfield strength, puts

this club out in front so far as the odds are concerned.

On account of these two strong departments, they are only laying 8 to 5 against the world champions, which means they are figured with a 40 per cent. chance to hold the top.

Tigers and White Sox.

Two and one-half to one is offered against the Tigers, who are ranked the second strongest club in the league, mainly on account of the amazing outfield power, headed by Cobb, and the fighting spirit of the club.

The Tigers receive a slight edge over the White Sox. The insiders pay more attention to pitching strength than any other factor, and the wide margin the Red Sox have with Short, Leonard, Ruth, Foster, Greig, etc., crowds both Tigers and White Sox back.

The White Sox are figured with slightly better pitching than the Tigers, but they are also figured as lacking something in cohesive team play.

All this in spite of the presence of Collins, Jackson, Fournier and Schalk. The Revised Yanks.

The Yanks are ranked fourth; 8 to 1 is the price against Donovan's re-edited contingent, and 8 to 5 is offered that they don't finish third.

The club is conceded good attacking power and a first-class pitching squad, but several elements are too uncertain as yet. No one knows at this early stage just what the club will do with so many new people lumped together. The odds are that with another year's experience in team play the Yanks will be a robust factor, with a strong chance to win for 1917, but it is no easy task to hurl a new lineup into the pennant the first year out.

St. Louis and Washington.

No great pennant outlook is given to Fielder Jones, although he has two clubs to pick a team from and such stars around as Slater, Pratt, Mannans, Weisman. They are offering 2 to 1 that the Browns don't finish among the first four.

Washington, even with a good pitching staff, is rated low on account of the weakness of the club's attack. For example, Johnson last season was the most effective pitcher in the league, and yet rival clubs beat him thirteen times when with only fair batting support. He would have lost very few games.

If you desire a long shot from the above you can lay \$1 against \$100 that Cleveland will win the A. L. flag. And such are the wheels of fortune. Two years ago the Yankees were American League champions. To-day it is 100 to 1 they don't get that far for 1916.

Major League Managers.

First Major League Manager and Team. Team manager Yr. Mack, Athletics Pirates 1354 Robinson, Superbas Orioles 1292 Stallings, Braves Phillies 1287 Griffiths, Nationals White Sox 1261 Jennings, Tigers Tigers 1267 McGraw, Giants Orioles 1262 Callahan, Pirates White Sox 1263 Jones, Browns White Sox 1264 Moran, Phillies Phillies 1215 Rowland, White Sox White Sox 1215 Ebbel, Indians Indians 1215 Fingette, Cardinals Cardinals 1213 Tinker, Cubs Reds 1213 Carrigan, Red Sox Red Sox 1213 Herzog, Reds Reds 1214 Took charge after season started.

Leeming (88th Battalion), and Monk (103rd Battalion).

Rest—Goal, Cronin (Navy); backs, Tunnicliffe (Jacksons), and Bridge-water (Navy); halves, Church (West), Petticrew (West), and Stewart (West); forwards, McLeod (West), Grant (Jacksons), Bridges (Jacksons), Davies (Navy), and Kerley (Jacksons). Reserves—Rutter (Navy), and Shakespeare (West).

The following is the draw for Saturday's Jackson Cup competition: Wests vs. C.A.S.C., at Beacon Hill. Referee, Lockley.

11th C.M.R. vs. 88th Battalion, at the Willows. Referee, Malbon.

103rd Battalion vs. Jacksons, at the Royal Athletic Park. Referee, Goward.

SPEAKER SIGNS.

Cleveland, April 12.—Tris Speaker signed his contract with the Cleveland American League Club at noon to-day and will appear in this club's lineup this afternoon in the opening game. Details of the contract were not divulged.

THREATENS SUIT.

Toronto, April 12.—T. F. Ryan, boxing promoter of Toronto, threatened to bring suit against Jess Willard and his manager for breaking a contract. According to Ryan, the champion accepted his terms to referee a bout in a soldiers' tournament here for which arrangements are being made.

WILLIAMS WON.

Baltimore, Md., April 12.—Kid Williams, bantamweight champion, had things all his own way in a ten-round bout with Battling Lahn, of Brooklyn, here last night. Williams made a chopping block of his opponent throughout, and Lahn was groggy from the fifth round until the finish.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager-Beer, pints, 3 for 25c.

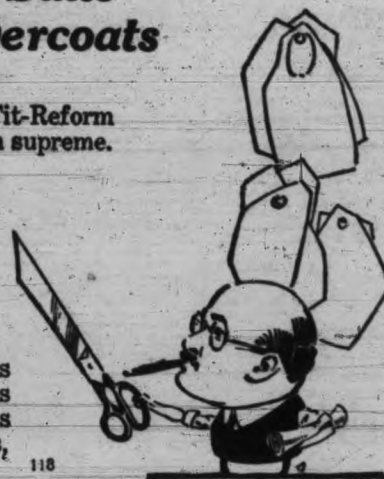
In the free masonry of tailors, the grand master is the designer of

Fit-Reform Spring Suits and Overcoats

He makes Fit-Reform tailoring reign supreme.

He sets the fashions for Canada in men's wear.

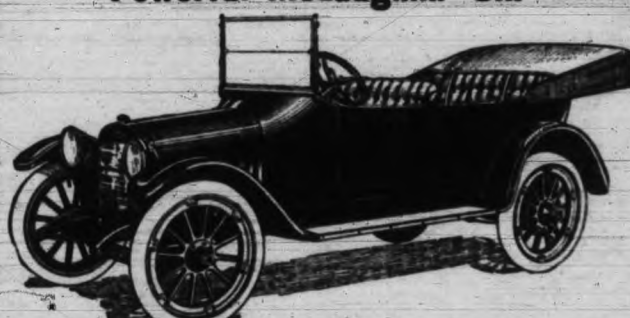
We have his latest creations in Spring Suits and Overcoats, \$15. to \$35.



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Why Buy a Four Powerful McLaughlin Six



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NEW CARDINAL PHENOM STARTED WITH REGINA

Jack Smith Who Graduated From Seattle to St. Louis Had Tough Road

St. Louis, April 12.—Two years ago Outfielder Jack Smith, of the Cardinals, was in St. Louis looking for a job. The 40 cents he had in his pocket was the sum total of his worldly possessions outside of the clothes he wore. It was a case of find a job or starve for Smith.

He came here from Chicago at the suggestion of a friend, to secure a tryout with Charley Stis's Regina club of the Western Canada League. His friend in Chicago staked him to \$1 the day he boarded a side-door Pullman in the Windy City to go out into the world and seek his fortune.

When Smith reached St. Louis he got in touch with Stis and was taken to De Soto, Mo., with a batch of youngsters the St. Louis boy had picked up for trial with the team he was forming. The squad trained at De Soto for three weeks, and those who made good were taken by Stis to Regina.

With starvation staring him in the face if he failed, Smith had to make good, and he did. He had been unable to secure employment in Chicago the winter before, and he knew that there would be no welcome awaiting him at home if he went back.

Smith earned a salary of \$30 a month during the five months the Western Canada League season lasted. The team finished third, but lost money. Business was at a standstill in Western Canada because of conditions brought about by the war. At the end of the season the league disbanded.

When Stis was appointed manager of the Aberdeen, Wash., club in the Northwestern League last spring, he secured jobs for Smith and several other Regina players with that club. Five days after the season opened Stis was discharged, and all his friends on the club were notified that their services were no longer needed.

With the few dollars he had in his possession, Smith bought a ticket to Seattle and reported to W. H. Dugdale the following day for a tryout with the Seattle club. Dugdale soon saw that the youngster was a great prospect and signed him to an ironclad contract with a substantial boost in salary.

This ironclad contract was all that prevented the Feds from grabbing the brilliant young outfielder. Before the season was half over a dozen major league clubs and several Federal league teams were after him. The Cincinnati Reds made a bid of \$5,000 for him.

When Scout Eddie Herr, of the Car-



dinals, made his tour of the Northwestern circuit in June he soon discovered the young diamond satellite and arranged for his purchase by the Cardinals. The Cards had first pick of the Seattle players because of an arrangement made by Herr early in the season, whereby Pitchers Lou North and Joe Lutz were turned over to Dugdale's team.

Miller Huggins considers Smith the most promising young outfielder his club has ever picked up. The youngster is faster than any player on the team, and he is as good a judge of fly balls as "Chief" Wilson. He possesses an arm of steel and can whip the ball in from the field as fast as any meadowman in the game.

Smith is a natural hitter, and with a little more coaching should develop into one of the best batsmen in the league. He is also a smart ball player and a quick thinker. Station this boy in centre, Hug, and keep him there. He'll be the greatest outfielder in baseball before another season rolls around.

Safety First

Indigestion, constipation, biliousness and many ailments of the digestive organs are often the source of serious illness. At the first sign of disordered conditions take the reliable family remedy that is always dependable—

BEECHAM'S PILLS

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1222 Government Street. Phone 63

THREE MEN TO FORM COMPENSATION BOARD

Govt. Proposes Workmen's Compensation Measure Will Come Into Force Jan., 1917

Vancouver, April 12.—The Province's editorially to-day:

"The workmen's compensation bill which the government proposes to pass at this session is probably the most important piece of legislation of the character ever taken up in British Columbia. Patterning somewhat along the lines of the compensation act of the state of Washington, it goes beyond that act and adopts many features of other compensation laws in various states of the union and provinces of Canada.

"The feature of the bill is, of course, the adoption of the principle of state insurance, by which employers of industrial labor in the province are divided into twelve classes, to be taxed for a special fund administered by the workmen's compensation board. In the event of an accident the workman or his relatives will receive compensation from the board. The employer does not pay any additional cost; the entire expense comes from the board's funds. All employers will pay, however, a flat rate of one cent per day for each workman for a medical aid fund. The compensation insurance levy will, of course, be graded by the board with due regard to the hazard in each class.

"The intent of the bill is to do away with liability suits by employees against employers or liability insurance companies. The business of the latter in writing liability policies for employers naturally will disappear. In future it is proposed that every employer will be just as anxious as his injured employee to see the workman get his compensation, because it will not come from the employer's pocket. Nor will there be any cost to the workman in obtaining compensation. Under present conditions it is nearly always necessary for the workman to sue for compensation, and law costs generally eat up any judgment he gets. A justice-assured that he gets a justice, he is convinced that he is entitled to it. The only serious difficulty believed to present itself in the working out of the state liability insurance plan is the possibility of a large disaster occurring, or a rash of accidents before the reserve fund has been built up. If it can work along for a year or two there will be absolutely no difficulty afterwards, it is said, for by that time there would naturally be plenty of money on hand. It is proposed that the new bill will come into effect on January 1, 1917. That date will mean the cessation of state liability insurance into British Columbia and the disappearance of liability insurance by companies. The compensation board is to comprise three men, the chairman receiving \$5,000 per year and the other two members \$4,000 each. The salaries will come from the consolidated revenue fund of the province. One member is to be appointed for eight years, one for nine and the third for ten. It is understood that the proposed act will not apply to farmers or domestic servants."

WILHELM AND SON ARE ADVERTISING

Trying to Regain Some of Favor They Have Lost at Home

Zurich, April 12.—Swiss business men lately back from Berlin state that an immense publicity campaign on behalf of the Kaiser and Crown Prince is now in progress in Germany.

Books, written in some cases by discreetly anonymous authors, and dealing with the activities of the Kaiser and his son in the field, are being issued from the press in rapid succession. Photographs depicting the two royal personages in interesting and picturesque attitudes—the Kaiser giving a French peasant woman a lift in his motor car, or the Crown Prince explaining by means of a map his strategic views to a circle of admiring generals—are on sale at every book-stall, and copies of the Crown Prince's portrait as recently painted by Professor H. Junker, are obtainable for a modest sum.

The opening of this public campaign coincided with the attack upon Verdun, and is being vigorously continued. Herr Rudolf Bressler, who recently spent a week at headquarters, says the Crown Prince is determined to achieve a crushing victory over the French before he returns to Berlin. The Crown Prince, he says, admits that the French are extremely brave and well led, but is quite confident of eventual German triumph.

The Crown Prince, one learns, eats sparingly, is very temperate, likes a

ONLY TO THINK THAT



EVIDENCE BLOCKADE STRANGLING GERMANY

Berlin's Review of Events in March and Papers Supply It

Berlin, April 12.—Since Great Britain's suspension of Article XIX of the Declaration of London, the conviction that England plans to inaugurate on April 18 the sharpest form of blockade, in violation not only of international law, but "of the principles of justice and humanity as well," is prevalent in many German minds. England's "starvation war on German women and children" is the phrase of the hour. The review of military events during March concludes:

"There remains, therefore, in our enemies only one stretched hope, the hunger war, the most mean and most inhuman of their means of war. The Paris conference proves that our enemies have the laudable intention of blockading us more than ever, cutting us off more thoroughly than ever from all imports. This devilish plan, too, will shatter against the iron will of the German nation. Our methods of management of the distribution of the food stocks are being more and more perfected, and in the approaching spring and summer the fatherland's soil, carefully cultivated, will yield rich harvests to those at home."

Will Do It "Gladly."
"Our nation, which by itself has imposed regularity and joyful enduring of many hardships, will aid first our brothers in the field against the enemy, and our army too, and will gladly limit its requirements somewhat in order to give a luminous example of the spirit of self-sacrifice to those at home."

The enthusiastic utterance of British public men regarding the sharpened blockade and the cartoons in the London papers, particularly one depicting Germany with a blockade noose around her neck, have still further aroused German bitterness.

Lokal Anzeiger.
The Lokal Anzeiger, under the headline "England's Murder Ideal," says: "Our justification of the submarine war on England gains in significance when the English papers over the sharpened blockade and read the shameless utterances of English politicians regarding England's plans. Against these threats we can only quietly repeat that we make use of the U-boat in order that our women and children may not fall victims to death by starvation with which we are so unblushingly threatened."

Tagliche Rundschau.
There is general agreement that Germany will not suffer herself to be economically throttled by the English blockade and will even permit the experiment to go very far without counter-measures in which connection the Tagliche Rundschau gives the following clue:

"By increased pressure on neutrals it is hoped to paralyze us economically, and if possible to force neutrals to side with the Entente powers by economic and political threats."

Vossische Zeitung.
In connection with the sharpened British blockade, the submarine war is more plainly expressed by the Vossische Zeitung as follows:

"Abroad, the chancellor's speech was principally commented on regarding its vagueness in assurances regarding the submarine war. The principle was enunciated in the foreign papers that, as a matter of course, while neutrals might carry on commerce unhampered, Germany might defend its life, so far as no cargoes of neighboring nations were thereby endangered. To recognize the principle would be to eliminate from international law the conception of 'self-defence,' which is recog-

GERMAN PRISONERS IN MOROCCAN CAMPS

Two Swiss Doctors Found French Are Treating Them Splendidly

Paris, April 12.—A correspondent sends the following from Tangier, Morocco:

Through the American legation here a sum of money recently was placed at the disposal of two Swiss gentlemen—Dr. Blanchard, of the Canton of Vaud, and Dr. Speiser, of Basle—by the Geneva Red Cross Society, for the benefit of the German prisoners of war in Morocco.

The full report by these delegates will be published in the near future, but in the meantime the official journal of the Red Cross Society gives a short summary. It appears from this that every facility was given to the two representatives by the French military authorities to make their desired investigations. No restriction was placed on the prisoners being interviewed privately and without witnesses. Permission also was given to visit the camps where the civil prisoners from Cameroon and Togoland were interned.

Plenty of Food.
In general, the condition of the prisoners was found to be satisfactory, and few, if any, complaints were made on the score of there being insufficient food. The principal thing wished for was mental distraction of some kind, and books and musical instruments would be much appreciated. It is true that complaints were made about the delay in receiving their correspondence from their families in Europe, but the doctors said that this was unavoidable owing to the difficulty frequently experienced in the landing of goods and mail at the port of Casablanca at this time of year.

On the whole, this report seems to contrast very favorably with one, which also was undertaken at the instance of the Geneva Red Cross Society, as to the welfare of the prisoners interned in Germany. M. Favre, who has lately returned to Switzerland from this country, reports that the prisoners of war in the various camps, which he inspected as well as sufficient nourishing food. Such a deprivation cannot be laid to the charge of the French military authorities in Morocco. The impressions gained by the Swiss doctors in this country seem to coincide with those obtained by the correspondent during a recent visit to Casablanca, which was that equal treatment was meted out to the French and German soldiers in the matter of food and housing at any rate.

HOW JAPS HARVEST WHEAT.
As in most of their ways the Japanese differ in their way of harvesting wheat from that used here. Instead of cutting it with a scythe or reaper, they pull up the greater part of it by hand, and clip off the roots with shears. The reason for this is to keep the long golden straws from getting bruised or broken.

With the Japanese, who allow nothing to go to waste, the straws are almost as valuable as the grain. They first flatten them, and then after being softened, the straws are woven, either whole or split, into matting, baskets, hats, or other articles.

ONLY TWICE ALBERT LEFT LITTLE TOWN

Paris Journal Gives Glimpse of Life Led by Belgian King

Paris, April 12.—On the occasion of St. Albert's Day, Le Journal, in a special article, tells something of the way in which the Belgian monarch lives in a little Belgian town which the king has not left for the past 18 months, except for two short visits to the French front with President Poincaré.

The Belgian queen left the town for only four days when she took her children to London. The king's suite consists of four officers only, and the queen keeps only one lady-in-waiting, her friend the Comtesse Caramanchi. Many German aeroplanes fly over the town regularly. Belgian cannon generally drive them off, but several times bombs have been dropped in the vicinity of the royal villa. On a recent Sunday a bomb fell, touching the exterior of the church which the royal family attends. The damage was unimportant. The king's calmness aided in checking a panic among the congregation.

As the king was returning to his villa after the services another bomb fell near his carriage. There were several victims. The king remained and organized first aid for them, the queen joining him. Both visited the hospital to which the injured were taken, as well as the homes of the victims' families. When it was suggested to the king that a special Belgian aeroplane squadron be detailed to protect his villa, he replied: "Our aviators have other work to do."

King Albert's son, Leopold, arrived for the birthday, but he was not troubled by aeroplanes as there was a storm.

ADJOURNMENT AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, April 12.—Sir Robert Borden announced in the commons to-day that there probably will be an adjournment of the House from Wednesday next until the following Tuesday. This is the customary Easter adjournment.

TO-DAY'S TRADING ON THE WINNIPEG MARKET

Winnipeg, April 12.—Wheat closed up for May, 1c. for July and 1c. for October. Oats were 1c. down for May and July, with October unchanged. Barley was 1c. better, gaining 1c. strength chiefly from the big cash demand. Flax was steady, with prices 1c. better for May and 1c. better for July. Right from the opening to-day the prices were steady, though the market was in the main a professional one. There was some aggressive selling at the opening, but there was very little chance of Winnipeg prices breaking with the American market so firm. Exporters supplied the good buying here, though one or two of them were on the selling side. There was a report of seaboard trade and they did not seem to amount to much. These men were in this market for both cash and futures. In the cash market there was an excellent demand for wheat and barley, a good demand for oats, with wheat in demand in flax. The spread in wheat was 1c. narrower. Exporters and local millers were the heavy buyers in wheat, and exporters in barley.

wheat, and exporters in barley.		
Wheat—		Open. C
May	114 1/2	115 1/2
July	115 1/2	116 1/2
Oct.	116 1/2	117 1/2
Oats—		
May	43 1/2	43 1/2
July	43 1/2	43 1/2
Oct.	43 1/2	43 1/2
Barley—		
May	61 1/2	61 1/2
Flax—		
May	195 1/2	195 1/2
July	195 1/2	195 1/2
Cash prices: Wheat—1 Nor., 114 1/2; 2 Nor., 114 1/2; 3 Nor., 114 1/2; 4 Nor., 114 1/2; 5 Nor., 114 1/2; 6 Nor., 114 1/2; 7 Nor., 114 1/2; 8 Nor., 114 1/2; 9 Nor., 114 1/2; 10 Nor., 114 1/2; 11 Nor., 114 1/2; 12 Nor., 114 1/2; 13 Nor., 114 1/2; 14 Nor., 114 1/2; 15 Nor., 114 1/2; 16 Nor., 114 1/2; 17 Nor., 114 1/2; 18 Nor., 114 1/2; 19 Nor., 114 1/2; 20 Nor., 114 1/2; 21 Nor., 114 1/2; 22 Nor., 114 1/2; 23 Nor., 114 1/2; 24 Nor., 114 1/2; 25 Nor., 114 1/2; 26 Nor., 114 1/2; 27 Nor., 114 1/2; 28 Nor., 114 1/2; 29 Nor., 114 1/2; 30 Nor., 114 1/2; 31 Nor., 114 1/2; 32 Nor., 114 1/2; 33 Nor., 114 1/2; 34 Nor., 114 1/2; 35 Nor., 114 1/2; 36 Nor., 114 1/2; 37 Nor., 114 1/2; 38 Nor., 114 1/2; 39 Nor., 114 1/2; 40 Nor., 114 1/2; 41 Nor., 114 1/2; 42 Nor., 114 1/2; 43 Nor., 114 1/2; 44 Nor., 114 1/2; 45 Nor., 114 1/2; 46 Nor., 114 1/2; 47 Nor., 114 1/2; 48 Nor., 114 1/2; 49 Nor., 114 1/2; 50 Nor., 114 1/2; 51 Nor., 114 1/2; 52 Nor., 114 1/2; 53 Nor., 114 1/2; 54 Nor., 114 1/2; 55 Nor., 114 1/2; 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ARTILLERY BATTERY RECRUITING QUICKLY

One Hundred and Two Drivers
Wanted in Col. Ogilvie's
Force at Macaulay Plains

Recruiting for the battery of Col. Ogilvie's artillery brigade is more than half completed, according to figures given by the Government-street recruiting office this morning. There are needed two hundred and thirty-five men to complete the battery strength that soon will go under canvas at Macaulay plains. This morning there had been recruited 14 drivers, 69 gunners, and two farriers.

Col. Ogilvie expects to leave Victoria this week for the prairie cities where the other batteries of the brigade are being formed. He expects to have the whole brigade together at Petawawa by June 1. So far there have been no officers appointed except Capt. A. E. Sargison and Lieut. McKenna. There are, however, a number of officers whose names have been sent forward, and confirmation of these appointments is daily awaited.

About sixty horses formerly used by the C.M.R. at the Willowby are to be allotted to the artillery battery for the purpose of giving the men instruction in riding. The complement of men who are enlisted from the 15th Regiment, C.G.A., for overseas service with the battery are to be sworn in on the strength of the battery to-morrow.

Several men from other battalions have sought transfers for special positions in the battery.

C. A. S. C. NEEDS MEN

No. 21 Company Will Recruit About Fifty at Once.

No. 21 Company, C. A. S. C., is to send a draft of 35 in the company that will be commanded by Capt. Robinson, Vancouver, in the Fourth Divisional Train. Capt. Robinson came to Victoria yesterday afternoon and saw Col. Stuart, D.C.O., in regard to the matter. He is to recruit his company at Vancouver, and the men will go to Vancouver for training. The officers going with the Victoria draft are Capt. Hyndman, supply officer of No. 4 Company, and Lieut. Day and Wemyss. The 4th Divisional Train is to be the C. A. S. C. section of the 4th Division now being prepared for the front. It will be composed of 32 men, and will consist of companies being formed at Halifax, Toronto, Winnipeg and Vancouver.

Major Small, in charge of the C. A. S. C. here, expects his company up to 100, and he requires about 50 men. He requires men of clerical experience or horsemanship, mostly, as this branch of the service is entirely devoted to the supply of stores. The men are required at once so that they may be trained to cope with the extra work caused by the establishment of a summer camp at Vernon.

KILLED IN ACTION.

Lieut. Col. G. H. Dorrell, of Vancouver, receives word of the death of his son in France.

Lieut. Col. G. H. Dorrell, of North Vancouver, has received the sad news that his son, Harold G. H. Dorrell, 2nd lieutenant 10th Battalion, Durham Light Infantry, was killed in action in France on April 2. The deceased officer was born in 1891, and educated at Charterhouse (gold medalist and senior classic 1910) and Emmanuel college, Cambridge (1st classical tripos, 1913). He served in the Officers' Training Corps at Charterhouse and Cambridge, and at the outbreak of war, joined the Durham Light Infantry. He was wounded last autumn, and had only recently rejoined his battalion at the front.

Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Dorrell have received the following telegram from their majesties: "The king and queen deeply regret the loss you and the army have sustained in the death of your son in the service of his country. Their majesties truly sympathize with you in your sorrow."

AMERICAN LEGION.

Capt. Clark Not Competing With Other Battalions for Recruits, but Wants Fit Men of American Birth.

An arrangement has been made by the recruiting office of the American Legion at Victoria to allow the battalions in Vancouver to recruit almost at strength, including base companies, to get all the men they need before the Legion recruiting staff enters into direct competition for men. When the few that are needed have been obtained, the American Legion will make a strong bid for every American-born recruit who desires to enter the army.

Capt. L. E. Clark is in charge of the recruiting office on Government street, and is receiving applications from those who are American born, and who express a desire to join only the American Legion. He requires only men of sober habits and physically fit, the endeavor being, he says, to make the B. C. and Alberta battalions of the brigade one of the best yet recruited in Canada.

"Per ardua ad astra"—"Through arduous toil to the stars," is the motto of the Royal Flying Corps.

SLEEPY DROWSY DAYS

can be avoided by renewing the blood with the nourishing food- tonic, Scott's Emulsion; it overcomes that tiredness and languor of balmy spring days and it strengthens the whole system. Every druggist has it. Shun substitutes.

THE HEROES OF VERDUN



BRITANNIA—Your heroes who have fallen are not dead—they will live for ever!

REPORTED WOUNDED

Major Templeton, Who Went From Victoria With 48th Battalion, in Hospital in England.

Major J. F. Templeton, who left Victoria with the 48th Battalion, is reported to have sustained a wound in the head while fighting with a unit to which he transferred. He is said to have been sent to England, where his wound is receiving medical treatment. Major Templeton is a native of Belleville, Ont., who after leaving the Royal Military College, was with the 15th Belleville regiment before coming to Victoria. He was managing director in the firm of Gore & McGregor here for ten years.

When war broke out Major Templeton became affiliated with the 50th Gordons. He obtained a commission and has earned promotion to the rank of major since he left with Lieut. Col. Holmes' command. Mrs. Templeton is in England, but two uncles, Rev. Dr. Campbell and Thornton Fell, reside here.

BANTAMS' CREST



The above is the crest which has just been authorized for the 13th Battalion, B. C. Bantams' Badges are being supplied by W. H. Wilkerson, the well-known jeweler.

ALLOWED TO MARRY

Special Bulletin Issued by Privy Council in Regard to Men Who Had Given Promise.

The following regulation in connection with the marriage of men in the Canadian forces has been issued by the clerk of the privy council:

"In view of the numerous inquiries which have been received as to the conditions governing men who marry after enlistment, the following copy of a report of the committee of the privy council, approved by his royal highness the governor general, on January 28, 1915, is included in this bulletin.

"The committee of the privy council have had before them a report dated January 23, 1915, from the acting minister of militia and defence, stating that applications have been received from men who have enlisted to be allowed to marry and to have their wives placed on the separation allowance list, and that many have already married since enlistment without asking permission and are claiming this allowance.

"The minister observes that these applications have hitherto been refused on the ground that the separation allowance was intended to provide for families of married men who had enlisted as such and whose families would otherwise be in want or become a heavy burden on the Patriotic Fund, and that it was not the government's intention to encourage the men to marry after enlistment, as that would increase the already heavy expenses under separation allowance, and in case of the soldier's death, would necessitate placing his widow on the pension list.

"As however the applications hitherto received are from men who had, prior to enlistment, given a promise to marry, the minister recommends that, in consideration of this and the sudden call for volunteers, permission to marry be granted, provided the application has the recommendation of the officer commanding the corps in which the man is serving and that the marriage

take place within 20 days after the publication of this order; and that as regards applications of this kind from men enlisting hereafter, permission be granted only to those who apply at the time of enlistment, and that if not married within 20 days thereafter, the permission be cancelled."

MILITARY ITEMS

Lieut. Col. Henniker to-day expressed himself as gratified with the announcement that none of the troops quartered on the island are to go to Vernon for the summer.

Recruiting for the 11th C. M. R. continues with satisfactory results. There were a number of applicants at the central recruiting tent at Fort and Government streets this morning. Capt. Coughlan, in charge of the recruiting work, considers the 11th is making satisfactory progress.

The artillery camp at Macaulay Plains is fast being made complete for the reception of the men from the Macaulay and Esquimalt forts who are to take up their quarters there for training at dismounted gun drill. Probably they will all be under canvas to-morrow. There were several inquiries at the Government street recruiting office this morning, and suitable men are being held waiting their tests in horsemanship and driving.

The recruiting staff for the 11th C. M. R. are expecting reports from the mainland on the progress of their recruiting efforts there. Lieut. Sweeney has charge of the work in the Terminal City.

Forty-eight gunners and forty-two drivers of the 68th Battery, C. E. F., who will comprise the draft to go overseas soon in charge of Lieut. H. L. McPherson, have been selected at Vancouver. They are to specialize in observation work.

It is announced that W. T. Shafford, president of the British Columbia Conservative Association, has resigned from office in that body for the purpose of going overseas with the Canadian forces. He is now in training in Toronto, and it is said to receive a commission at once.

To-morrow night the band of the 11th C. M. R. will attend Pantages theatre during the first performance and play some selections on the stage while some of the officers make a recruiting appeal to men in the audience. The plan was suggested by James Rice, manager of the theatre, and was accepted with pleasure by the officers. About 100 men on the strength of the 11th C. M. R. will attend the performance as the guests of the management. The other half will be the manager's guests at the theatre on Thursday night next week.

Pte. John Patrick Reynolds, Western Irish Regiment, New Westminster, has had four brothers killed in action, and three of his wife's brothers have been wounded. He is the only surviving son, and has sent his family to England and is anxious to get to the front to do his share. The news of the death of his last brother reached him Monday night. Pte. Reynolds is an experienced campaigner having served in India and in South Africa. He was born in Bray, near Dublin. One brother was killed at the Dardanelles, one in Flanders, and two in France.

SUFFERING FROM SHOCK.

Word was received in the city to-day to the effect that Lieut. Charles Brown, son of P. R. Brown, is in hospital, suffering from shock. Lieut. Brown joined a Berkshire regiment in England early in the war, and has been at the front for some months.

RECAPTURED TRENCHES EAST OF THE MEUSE

French Dislodged Germans From Their Footing Between Douaumont and Vaux

Paris, April 12.—There was a cessation of German infantry assaults west of the Meuse yesterday, although the bombardment of the French lines between Le Mort Homme and Cumieres continued, according to the communication issued by the war office last night.

A powerful attack, however, was delivered against the French trenches between Douaumont and Vaux, east of the Meuse. The Germans at this point succeeded in gaining a foothold in some of the advanced trenches, but were driven out by a counter-attack.

The text follows: "North of the Aisne our artillery took under its fire a strong German column which was marching along the highway called the Chemin-des-Dames. The well-directed fire caused serious losses to the enemy."

"In the Argonne, our artillery was very active against the whole enemy front.

"West of the Meuse there was quite an intense bombardment during the hours of the day against our front extending from Le Mort Homme to Cumieres, but no infantry action.

Driven Out.

"East of the Meuse, after a very violent artillery preparation, which was completed by an intensive discharge of lacrymose shells, the Germans at 4 o'clock launched a strong attack against our trenches between Douaumont and Vaux. The enemy, who had gained a footing in some of the advanced sections of our lines, was driven out a little later by a counter-attack by our troops, in the course of which about 100 unwounded German prisoners, including one officer, were taken.

"In the Wever, artillery actions continue in the sector of Moulinville, Ronvaux and Chailfont. Northeast of St. Mihiel our long range guns successfully cannonaded a waiting train to the north of Houdicourt station.

"Last night one of our aerial squadrons dropped 27 and 21 shells, respectively, on the stations at Nantillois and Bréville. The same squadron covered with projectiles the emplacement of a 280 gun which had been firing at long range."

British Report.

London, April 12.—Grenade fighting in the craters east of St. Eloi has continued with varying fortunes, according to the official statement issued last night.

"We hold three craters, but not the other two," said the report.

"To-day the enemy exploded mines to the northeast of Vermelles, damaging a portion of an old crater but without altering the situation. There was considerable artillery activity opposite Wytschaete and important artillery engagements near Souchez and east of Ypres.

"During eight air fights yesterday, our machines drove down one of the enemy machines without sustaining any loss, but one of our aeroplanes was brought down by gun fire."

A Frightful Death!

Suffocated in Asthma Attack

Every sufferer from asthma knows the terror, the abject fear that overcomes them when struggling for breath. The old-fashioned remedies may relieve, but never cure. Best results come from Catarrhose, which cures asthma after hope is abandoned. It's because Catarrhose kills the asthma germ that it cures. Choking spells and labored breathing are relieved, suffocating sensations and loss of breath are cured. Every trace of asthma is driven from the system, and even old chronic experience immediate relief and lasting cure. Equally good for bronchitis, throat trouble and catarrh. The large one dollar outfit includes the inhaler and lasts two months, sold by all dealers or from the Catarrhose Co., Kingston, Canada.

JAMES ISLAND GUARD

Squad of 103rd Men to Relieve 88th Guard; Timber Wolves to Parade This Evening.

The 103rd Battalion has taken over the guard at James Island owing to the withdrawal of the guards of the 88th Battalion which is leaving with the 103rd Battalion when that unit goes overseas in the near future. The 103rd guard will leave on Thursday morning by the S. S. "Queen City," Lieut. Herbert Ross and thirty men to constitute the personnel of the unit.

The entire battalion will parade down-town this evening at 7 o'clock. Headed by the two bands the men will leave the barracks at 7 o'clock, and march to the government buildings by way of Government street. They will return by way of Government and Yates.

ELECTS OFFICERS

Prairie Club Makes Selection of Officials Before Applying for Incorporation.

The first officers of the proposed Prairie Club, as approved at a general meeting held last evening, are: Hon. president—A. W. Elliott. Vice-president—David Milne. Committee—A. A. Belbeck, J. A. Taylor, B. G. Marling, J. S. Brandon and A. E. Matheson.

Hon. secretary-treasurer—R. W. Douglas. There was a large attendance at the meeting held at the Dominion hotel.

DREDGING FIGURES ARE BROUGHT OUT

(Continued from page 1.)

Mr. Carvell wanted a decision from the chairman.

Chairman Middlebrooke hesitated. He did not see the relevancy of the question.

"If you wish to know," said Mr. Carvell, "I want to test this witness."

Witness finally stated that his books were in the United States.

"The old story," said Mr. Carvell. "Gone to the United States with Allison and that ilk. I ask your ruling Mr. Chairman."

"Well, I will say that if the witness can answer, he should do so," ruled Mr. Middlebrooke.

"All right," said Mr. Carvell. "What did you pay your foreman?"

"I can't say," replied the witness. "You are manager of the company, and you can't say! We have got it."

\$200 and \$160.

"Well, I paid one of them \$200 and one \$160 per month," finally declared the witness.

"And your engineers?"

"I can't say offhand."

"We will get it," said Mr. Carvell. "I want to find what sort of profit this man made."

"I don't think this is fair," said Mr. Pringle. "I don't think it is right for Mr. Carvell to cross this witness with Allison and his ilk. There are many items which enter into contracts."

"Yes and we will find that out," said Mr. Carvell. "It is wonderful how these witnesses loosen up in the end."

"This witness is a respectable man," interposed the chairman.

"So is Mallory," declared Mr. Kyle, "but he didn't get much credit from the committee for it."

Witness finally said that 30 of his men received approximately \$3 per day. He said that if the chairman demanded that the payrolls be produced, they would be produced.

Promises to Wire.

Mr. Carvell said that the main contractors had copies of them and he asked Mr. Pringle to produce them. The latter said he would wire for them.

Woolley then referred to the fair wages clause in his contract. Ten drill-runners had received \$4 per day each; 20 deckhands, \$3 a day; two firemen, \$6.50 per day; nine other men \$4.50 per day. The average cost of fuel, assuming it at 15 barrels per day, would be about \$18 per day.

The chairman computed the wage bill per day at \$192. The witness stated it would run upwards of \$200.

\$10,000 to \$15,000.

"This," said Mr. Carvell, "would run \$4 per day for 52 men."

The cost of running the plant including miscellaneous materials, cables, explosives, rope, etc., said the witness, would approximate from \$10,000 to \$15,000 a month for five months.

"Did you work in November?" asked Mr. Carvell. "Didn't you only do a little trimming then?"

"Well, I had my staff."

"We will give you the maximum in men and cost and we find that it totals \$75,000," said Mr. Carvell. "According to the return made by MacLachlan you were to get \$125,000 on 30,000 yards of rock. You were to make \$50,000 profit. That is fairly good, isn't it?"

In One Month.

"That isn't out of the way," said Mr. Woolley. "I have made as much as that in a single month."

"That would be at Vancouver?" remarked Mr. Carvell.

"No, before I ever saw Vancouver. I have lost money on rock at 11 per yard and made money at \$1 per yard. It varies."

"Only 38,000 yards were paid for," said Mr. Pringle, "or about \$7,000, so he is actually out of pocket."

"The payments were held up," said Mr. Carvell, "by order of the auditor general."

Books at Seattle.

Questioned about his books, witness said that they were at the main office in Seattle. He pointed out also that depreciation and insurance had to be taken into account. He would have been willing to pay \$1,500 a month for the five months for insurance.

"But you didn't insure and you didn't pay it," said Mr. Carvell.

"He carried the risk," said Mr. Bennett, "and he was entitled to put that amount aside."

"If you drew on your imagination sufficiently," said Mr. Carvell, "you could bring it up to \$75,000."

Scows Wrecked.

Witness stated he had lost \$5,000 through the wrecking of two scows.

"In the history of contracting," said Mr. Middlebrooke, "have you ever seen less rock taken out than the engineers estimated?"

"No, sir," said Woolley. "If there is any scow the engineer chump on."

"In your experience hasn't the contractor attempted to get all the rock he can?" asked Mr. Carvell.

"All that is coming to him," said Woolley.

"But no contractor wants the earth," asked Mr. Carvell.

Earth Not Wanted.

"No contractor wants earth," admitted the witness.

Witness declared that he hoped some "decent compromise" would be reached in the present case whereby nobody would be injured. "We are not the government," said Mr. Carvell.

"That is between you and the government," said Mr. Carvell.

"Then what is all this pow-wow about?" asked the witness.

"This is for the public," remarked Mr. Carvell.

"Yes, and there is a lot of talking being done," said Mr. Woolley.

The above officers were requested not to incur liability until \$1,000 is on deposit, representing \$10 subscriptions of at least 100 members. After May 15 no further charter members can be admitted at the present nominal membership fee. There are now about 120 names attached to the proposed articles of incorporation.

How Much Will It Cost ?

This is the question every young man who is about to furnish asks himself. These days of economy every young man wants to make his hard-earned money go the furthest possible. The Standard Furniture Co. have their large, spacious store just out of the high-rental district, saving rent and fire insurance in order that they may give you best possible value obtainable.

The very minute you enter our store and see our prices you realize you have found the store where you can do the best.

We Have an Excellent Showing of FURNITURE, CARPETS, LINOLEUM, DRAPEY, WINDOW SHADES, CROCKERY, CUTLERY, SHELF HARDWARE, STOVES, RANGES, HEATERS

We Furnish Your Home Complete From \$150 Up

ASK TO SEE THIS OUTFIT

9 Pieces in	Dining Room	\$47.35
17 Pieces in	Bedroom	\$35.25
120 Pieces in	Kitchen	\$67.40
146 Pieces	for	\$150.00

Other Outfits \$200, \$250, \$300 and Up
Credit given where references satisfactory.

STANDARD FURNITURE CO.
731-733 Pandora Avenue

FOR BABY WEEK 10% Discount



On All Our Baby Cars

Baby Car Specialists

T. H. JONES & CO. 758 Fort Street

WILL YOU HELP US

to keep OUR building open till the BOYS come home?

SUBSCRIBE TO-DAY

"Victoria's Manhood Factory"

Y. M. C. A.

Blanchard and View Sts.

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All Is Food

In Squirrel Brand Peanut Butter, and food of the highest quality.

Try a pound to-day.

Made in B. C.

Copas & Young

Anti-Combine Grocers

Corner Broad and Fort Streets

Houses Built at \$16 per Month and Upwards

Subscribe to the Patriotic Fund

D. H. BALE

Corner Fort and Stadacona Ave.

Phone 1140

MALAHAT DRIVE

Notice is hereby given that the Malahat Drive will be open on Wednesday, April 12, inst.

By order,

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Victoria, B. C., April 10, 1916.

King George has a miniature fleet in gold and silver which shows the development of the British navy since the days of William the Conqueror.

DIXI H. ROSS

Brooms, 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c and 85c
Liquid Veneer, 25c, 50c \$1.00
O-Cedar Polish, 50c \$1.00
Brasso Metal Polish, 15c 25c
Brilliantshine, 25c 50c
Silver Polish 25c
Jackson's Floor Wax, 35c 50c

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.
Quality Grocers and Liquor Merchants

THE EXCHANGE

For BARGAINS in BOUND BOOKS and INDIAN BASKETWARE.
718 FORT STREET.

W. J. Maynard (Bill)

Auctioneer and Appraiser
I am now located at 338 Yates street, and am open to receive sales of any description.
New and second-hand furniture always on hand.
Phone 4218 Night phone 3506

Continuance of Sale

Messrs. Stewart Williams & Co.

Duly instructed by the Oriental Importing Co., who are going out of business, will continue to dispose of the whole of their valuable

Stock and Fixtures

by Public Auction, to-morrow and following days, at 11 and 2.30 o'clock each day, at

510 Corporation Street

The stock consists of silks, crepes, Oriental jewelry, carved ivory goods, grass chairs, show cases, including 6 silent salesmen and other goods too numerous to mention.

For further particulars apply to The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams & Co. 419 and 411 Sayward Block.

Important Sale of High-Class FURNITURE

Maynard & Sons

AUCTIONEERS

Instructed, we will sell at our sales room, 726 View Street, on

FRIDAY, 2 P. M.

HIGH-CLASS AND SELECT FURNITURE AND FURNISHINGS

Of a Fourteen-room Private Residence, Moved to our Rooms for Convenience of Sale.

Including:—About 75 pieces of very fine and expensive Cut Glass, large quantity of Sterling Silver, Spoons, Dishes, Forks, etc., Pearl Handled Cutlery, a very fine assortment of E. P. Ware, Limoges Tea and Dinner Services, Electric Toaster, Fancy Limoges Plates, also very fine China, Cases and Ornaments, Carving Sets, Casseroles, Decker Bros. Upright Piano, magnificent 3-piece Parlor Suite, up in silk; Rattan and Wicker Chairs and Rockers, Oak Tea Tables, Sewing Table, Up, Easy Chairs, very handsome Davenport in oak, fine Oak Mirror, Chair, Lady's Oak Secretary, Wheeler & Wilson Drop-head Sewing Machine, splendid lot of Cushions, extra fine quality Curtains, Portières, Drapes, quantity of almost new and new Table Linen, very fine Oak Hall Stand, 2 Carved Oak Hall Chairs, Golden Oak Hall Seat, Oak Hall Table, very fine Star Carpet in green, magnificent Oak Sideboard, Oak Extension Table, 6 Oak Dining Chairs, with leather seats, Oak China Cabinet, Oak Tables, Oak Rockers, very fine Trays in oak and plated Ware, Couches, lot of Oak Side and Centre Tables, Card Table, 2 very handsome All-brass Bedsteads with made-to-order Box Mattresses; Ostermoor and Pelt-top Mattresses; 2 very fine Oak Bedroom Suites, very handsome large Oak Dresser, with extra large Mirror; Oak Chiffoniers, Oak Dressers, quantity of extra good Blankets, Linen Sheets, Quilts, Pillows, Carpets, Heaters, Reading Lamps, Clocks, etc.; very fine lot of Water Colors, Oil Paintings, Engravings and Pictures, Brass Jardinières, Brass Jardinière Stand, Brass Ornaments, Walnut Desk and Bookcase, Marble-top Walnut Tables, fine lot of Ostrich Plumes and Stoles, Ladies' Silk Sweaters and Wrappers, fine lot of Cushion Tops and Doilies, Fancy Covers, Dress Lengths, Drapes, Gloves, etc.; these have never been used or worn. Very good 6-hole Monarch Range, with Gas Stove attached; Kitchen Tables, Chairs, Cooking Utensils, Tubs, Wringers, Brooms, etc.

This is a list of the most important articles and will be on view from Wednesday until the sale.

Also at 11 o'clock, in our stockyard, Chickens, Rabbits, Jersey Cow, milking.

MAYNARD & SONS

Auctioneers Phone 637R

Y.M.C.A. PRAISES

RETIRING SECRETARY

Adjourned Annual Meeting Last Night Made Occasion to Present Address

The adjourned annual meeting of the Y. M. C. A. executive and members took place last night round the supper table. The principal item of business was the election of five members of the board. The five retiring members, Messrs. Geo. Bell, R. T. Elliott, S. J. Drake, H. T. Knott and A. T. Haynes, were re-elected with due dispatch, and very hearty unanimity.

The rally was quite successful both as a social gathering and as a business convention. The supper had been very tastefully arranged by the Ladies' Auxiliary, abundance of good things being spread for the satisfaction of the 70 guests. Mr. George Bell acted as chairman, and during the speech-making period of the proceedings paid a tribute to the retiring secretary, F. W. Witham, whose resignation takes effect on the 15th day of this month. Mr. Witham, he said, had come as general secretary to the association three years ago, the special problem which he was invited to defeat being that of the association debt. The task had been made impossible, however, by the period of depression and financial straits which set in very shortly afterwards in Victoria. Mr. Witham had felt the defeat of his undertaking by these circumstances very keenly.

Thereafter E. W. Whittington, secretary of the board, read and presented to Mr. Witham an address expressing the appreciation of the association for the retiring secretary's work during the years of his connection with the organization. The board had only very unwillingly accepted his resignation when this was handed in, about three months ago. He had been untiring in his devotion to the interests of the institution, had always shown the greatest tactfulness in his associations both with members and employees of the Y. M. C. A., and had been appreciative of the services given by departmental heads and others who worked with him. His financial administration had been a testimony to outstanding ability and efficiency in this respect, and it had been a source of the greatest possible satisfaction to the board to have such a reliable and careful man at the helm. The address concluded with a reference to the part which both Mr. and Mrs. Witham had played in helping the young men of the city to bigger and better ideals, and expressed a hope that they would be followed with God's blessing wherever they went.

In a very short but feeling reply, Mr. Witham expressed his deep regret at leaving Victoria and his appreciation of the kind words.

Board of Directors.

During the proceedings a toast to the board of directors was proposed by Rev. J. G. Inkster. R. G. Howell replied on behalf of the board. A vote of thanks to the Ladies' Auxiliary, who had prepared the supper and done so much work for the association during the year just closed, was proposed by the president, Mr. Bell, who mentioned among other achievements of this body the preparation of 55 bean suppers and 20 banquets. At these functions there had been present from 100 to 200 persons, and in addition to arranging and serving the meals, the ladies had contributed very generously of the viands. The success of the returned soldiers' banquet at Christmas time had been very largely due to the energy and resourcefulness of the auxiliary, and he commended the association for the returned soldiers' work with the returned soldiers' welfare committee.

A pleasing impromptu musical programme constituted the remaining part of last night's rally, which was over shortly after 8 o'clock. Among those who took part were the Misses Morton, who sang a duet; J. G. Brown and Miss Beale Wills, who sang solos.

ANSCO CAMERAS

Films and Supplies

We have been appointed agents for these up-to-date and reliable photographic goods. Let us have an opportunity of discussing with you that Camera you are going to buy this summer.

JOHN COCHRANE

CHEMIST

N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

Established 1896.

FIRST SHOES FOR BABY



Dainty Moccasins, ribbon trimming, white, blue, pink and brown 60c

Soft Sole Shoes, in ankle strap, lace and button styles; all colors; 65c to 75c

A Full Range of "So-Koxy" and "Pussy Foot" Shoes.

All leathers.

BRING BABY IN THIS WEEK

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1209 Douglas St.

Phone 2504

RE-ELECT ALDERMAN

PORTER AS PRESIDENT

Victoria and Island Development Association Selects Officers; Council's Grant

The officers of the Victoria and Island Development Association were selected at a meeting last evening as follows:

President: Alderman Porter (re-elected).

Vice-president (a new office)—J. L. Beckwith.

Committees: Printing and advertising—Aldermen Johns, D. W. Poupard, Beaumont Boggs, L. D. McLean, R. W. Douglas, E. B. Andros and three representatives to be chosen by the Rotary Club.

Finance—Alderman McNeill, J. L. Beckwith and F. A. Pauline.

Industrial committee—J. C. Penderay (chairman), H. B. Thomson, M. P. P. Aldermen Johns and Peden, James Hunter, F. Westley-Newton, J. F. Scott, C. H. French, S. G. Peale and A. Watchman.

Transportation—Alderman Todd, Stephen Jones (chairman) and L. D. McLean.

Permanent attractions—Left over.

Not unnaturally after the business of the evening had been thoroughly discussed, Alderman Peden wanted to know when the committee was going to give effect to the direction conveyed to its representatives on that executive, to consider the overhead charges before the city paid the promised grant of \$7,000. The resolution of the civic estimates committee, as they well knew from the press, had a rider attached that the money was contingent upon the executive dealing with the overhead expenditure by report from its finance committee in conjunction with the city representatives.

The chairman (Alderman Porter) and J. L. Beckwith were adverse to the discussion of the matter till the subject was before the executive in the form of a communication from the city council. Alderman Porter observing that doubtless no letter had been sent because the expenditure by-law had not yet been finally adopted.

A. Watchman supported the proposal to leave the question over till a formal communication arrived. Frank Higgins, however, stated that it was quite clear the only way such a rider could be understood was in the form of an intimation to put their house in order, and avoid jeopardizing the grant he would suggest immediate attention to the subject. After some discussion it was agreed that the meeting should stand adjourned till next Friday evening, and that meanwhile the city representatives and the finance committee of the association should consider the city council resolution and report back.

In a rather full report Commissioner Cuthbert outlined the proposed work of the year, with special reference to publicity in the western provinces and states. He proposed to cover Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana as thoroughly as the prairie provinces were covered with literature and other matter for the summer vacation business, and a poster had been designed for the purpose. Victoria as a permanent home for prairie people, the routing through of Alaskan tourists via Victoria, industrial activity to encourage home produce, and publicity among the prairie farmers were all referred to, together with an endeavor to introduce colored slides of Victoria into lectures about this section of the continent.

In the general body of the correspondence some interesting matters were discussed. One suggestion is to press for a competition under the auspices of the Island Automobile Club for the medal, not yet earned, for a pathfinding trip from Victoria to Winnipeg, via Spokane and Eastern Washington. Communication will be opened up with automobile clubs in adjacent cities on the matter.

Data is being assembled at the suggestion of the Rotary Club with regard to grain elevators on the coast, and an effort will be made to secure a party of passenger agents for a conference here this summer. The Lawrence Chamber of Commerce wants to send another party, about 500 strong, through this section, during the present summer.

The special committee on constitution was ready to report on by-laws.

but it was felt better to take the matter up with Mr. Higgins before discussing them in the general meeting, to learn first whether they coincide with the charter of incorporation.

BOARD OF TRADE

ANNUAL ON FRIDAY

Officers Will Be Elected; Last Meeting of Council Yesterday

The annual meeting of the Victoria board of trade will be held on Friday at 2 o'clock, when several resolutions will be offered and the officers for the year will be elected. The lieutenant-governor, the minister of mines, the mayor, and some of the members of the city council have been invited to attend.

The council of the board held its last meeting for the board's year yesterday, and outlined the programme for the meeting on Friday. The first business will be the election of officers, the board of arbitration and other committees, and the auditors.

J. J. Shallocross will present the following resolution: "That inasmuch as evidence is accumulating that closer industrial and commercial relations are desirable within the empire, the meeting officers and council of this board of trade are hereby instructed to use their utmost endeavors to promote co-operation between all parts of the empire."

The next business will be the presentation of the annual reports, copies of which have been distributed to the speakers of the day. Hon. Lorne Campbell, minister of mines, will address the board in reply to the annual report, and members of the city council also will be heard.

In regard to the election of officers for 1916-17 J. A. Mara and Hon. Col. Prior, whose names were among the nominees for the council, have requested that they be removed. They felt that there was a desire among the younger members to work in the interests of the board, and they would prefer to see younger members elected. Mr. Mara moved a vote of thanks to Col. Prior, who has been president for two years. This was unanimously endorsed, and a fitting tribute paid the splendid work the retiring president had done. A vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Mara for the excellent work he had done in the interest of the board for sixteen years.

The secretary laid on the table an attendance list for the year. It showed the members had attended at the sixteen meetings as follows: Col. Prior, 14; C. H. Lurgin, 13; W. J. Ambury, 9; J. L. Beckwith, 7; B. Boggs, 14; H. F. Bullen, 3; J. O. Cameron, 14; C. T. Cross, 15; James Forman, 14; A. C. Fraser, 3 out of 10 (having been absent from Victoria for six meetings); Capt. Logan, 7; J. A. Mara, 14; F. A. Pauline, 15; J. J. Shallocross, 15; H. B. Thomson, M. P. F. 5.

Acknowledgment was received from the British Columbia members of the Dominion parliament in regard to the plea made by the board for the appointment of a customs officer at 555 York. The answers were not encouraging, a letter sent to F. H. Shepherd, M. P. from Premier Borden, stating that the matter would not be considered until after the House has prorogued.

Acknowledgments were received from various boards of trade to the circular letter sent out on imperial trade to be considered at the London conference in June. An acknowledgment also was received from the minister of trade and commerce at Ottawa. A letter was read from the B. C. Manufacturers' Association recommending that the federal government should place an additional tariff of 50 per cent. ad valorem on all German and enemy goods to be imported after the war. The associated chambers of commerce of Australia also wrote in regard to imperial trade.

The council decided that nothing should be done at the present time in regard to the proposal to urge for the appointment of a provincial railway commission. A short report was read showing that progress had been made in the United States in the manufacture of fertilizer from dog fish. Progress also had been made in Canada. The information contained in the report was put on file for the benefit of the public.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Our Prices on Cotton Dress Goods Are Lowest

Gordons
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See Our Fine Assortment of Volles a 50c Yard

Our Values in Ladies' Suits, Dresses and Skirts

Are Unsurpassed

Suits That Are Pleasing in Style and Moderate in Price

\$15.00—A smart suit of grey tweed. The coat is made with a belt, plaited back, and a collar of black moire silk. The skirt is in wide circular style.

\$15.00—Another good value at this price is this suit of navy serge. The coat is fully flared, and is made with a smart belt effect and trimmed with braid.

\$25.00—A very pretty suit is this one, which is made of a fancy suiting in a good shade of reseda. The coat hangs loose from the shoulders, and is plain, with the exception of strappings at sides of black taffeta and a neat little collar of corded silk.



New Novelties in Ties

They can be had in a wide assortment of plain, shaded and floral colorings and in several variations of style. They are new, dainty and useful, and will be very popular this spring and summer. Prices 25c, 40c and 75c

White Washable Doeskin Gloves

A Glove for which there is justly a great demand. It is dressy, well made and washes perfectly. Better come in early to-morrow and get fitted. They are excellent value at \$1.50

Savings That Are Worth While From the Bargain Basement

Middy Waists, made in good style. Price \$1.00

Wash Underskirts, made of stripe gingham. Price, each 65c

House Dresses, a new shipment to sell at \$1.00 and \$1.25

Children's Gingham Wash Dresses in many styles. Each 75c

New Spring Hat Shapes, a good assortment of smart shapes in white, cream and black straw and chip. These are extraordinary value at \$1.00 and \$1.50

Girls' Wash Dresses Priced From 90c

With the spring comes the demand for lighter dresses for the school girls. We have now on hand a splendid assortment in sizes suitable for girls of all ages. The materials used are gingham and crepe in a wide selection of colorings. The styles are all neat and good. Prices up from, each 90c

Nainsook of Finest Qualities and at Lowest Prices

Finest Grade English Nainsook—A most serviceable quality of this popular and useful fabric. Price, 12-yard length, each \$4.75
Another splendid quality. Price, 12-yard length, each \$3.50
Sheer Nainsooks—A beautiful soft quality. Prices, yard, 35c and 40c

White Pique in Serviceable Qualities

Qualities suitable for making and trimming dresses, waists, wash skirts and children's coats and dresses. Prices, yard, 25c to 50c

Middy Waists—Newest Styles

This popular Waist may be had in a variety of new styles. They are mostly made with the Balkan band, which in some cases buttons at the side and in others laces with colored silk laces. They are made of white drill with trimmings of red, white or blue. Prices \$1.25 and \$1.50
One of finer quality is made with a detachable and reversible collar of two different colors—thus the waist can be worn with either a sariet or a navy collar. Price is \$1.75

HUNGER WAS CAUSE

Stranded Fisherman Helped Himself to Food in Lumber Company's Store.

The circumstances in connection with a theft charge, unfolded to Magistrate Jay yesterday afternoon in provincial police court were somewhat unusual. The accused was Albert Beach, a man of Danish extraction, and claiming to be a fisherman from the Fraser river.

He was charged with breaking and entering a store of the Canadian Puget Sound Lumber Company, at Jordan River, and also with being found in possession of stolen articles, provisions taken from the store.

The story as told by the witnesses showed that Beach had left his gas-tight launch at Sooke harbor, and in a smaller boat set out on April 1 for Jordan River, halibut fishing. Entering the river, where the village, now almost deserted, in situ, the breakers caught his boat and he was swamped. He lost many of his possessions and was eventually rescued by the Dominion line man at that point, who took him up to his home, dried his clothing and fed him. With the tent and some articles rescued from the wreck he moved across the river and worked fishing. However the breakers were too severe for him to go out to sea again, so he was penned in at the village. He was told to apply at the cook house of the Jordan River power plant of the Vancouver Island Power Company, but he did not go there, and getting hungry, entered the store of the Puget Sound Lumber Company by the window and appropriated some necessities.

When arrested, he told Constable Owens he was not going hungry when there was food to be had. He had some food with him, but could not find anyone to supply food.

The magistrate sent him to jail for one month on the charge of being in possession of stolen property, remarking that he had not applied at the power company's plant, and had taken advantage of dusk to enter the store.

The second charge will be taken up next Tuesday afternoon.

Said one—"The greatest misfortune that can happen to an actor is to lose his voice." To which an actor replied—"No, sir; our greatest misfortune comes in when we have to play the part of a king or an emperor on the stage and go to bed without supper."

Refinement that carries us away from our fellow men is not God's refinement. —H. W. Beecher.

Sylvester's Chick Starter

Is a primary food for baby chicks up to six weeks old, containing cracked grain, beef and grit, so proportionately mixed that we can guarantee to raise all the chicks you hatch.

\$2.40 for 50 lb. Sack; 50c for 10-lb. Sack

Tel. 418 SYLVESTER FEED CO. 709 Yates St.

PLAY BALL

SPALDING'S OFFICIAL LEAGUE BASEBALLS..... \$1.25

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We have a good supply of our celebrated

New Wellington Coal

and can make prompt deliveries.

Lump and Sack Lump \$7.25

Washed Nut \$6.25

No. 2 Washed Nut \$5.50

Per ton, delivered within the city limits.

J. KINGHAM & CO.

Pemberton Block, 1004 Broad Street.

Phone 647

OUR METHOD—30 sacks to the ton; 100 lbs. of coal in each sack.



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